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**MEMORANDUM**

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TO: Faculty Senate

FROM: Dr. Susan Ross

DATE: February 4, 2019

SUBJECT: Curriculum Proposal #18-19-03 REV #1  
Science and Technology/Natural Science/Biology

I recommend approval of the attached Curriculum Proposal #18-19-03 REV #1. This proposal adds a new elective (Cell Biology, BIOL 3395) to the Biology major. It supports students following pre-professional and graduate school tracks.

cc: Richard Harvey  
Steve Roof  
Phil Yeager  
Laura Ransom  
Cheri Gonzalez  
Lori Schoonmaker

**CURRICULUM PROPOSAL** (Submit one hard copy and an electronic copy to the Associate Provost by the second Tuesday of the month.)

**Proposal Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**School/Department/Program:** Science and Technology, Natural Science, Biology

**Preparer/Contact Person:** Phil Yeager

**Telephone Extension:** 4168

**Date Originally Submitted:** 17 Sep 18

**Revision (Indicate date and label it Revision #1, #2, etc.):** Revision #1, 13 Nov 18

**Implementation Date Requested:** Fall 2019

- I. **PROPOSAL.** Write a brief abstract, not exceeding 100 words, which describes the overall content of the proposal.
- a. **This proposal adds a new elective (Cell Biology, BIOL 3395) to the Biology major. It supports students following pre-professional and graduate school tracks**

- II. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL.** Provide a response for each letter, A-H, and for each Roman Numeral II–V. If any section does not apply to your proposal, reply N/A.

A. Deletion of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

a. N/A

Total hours 0 deleted.

B. Addition of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

a. Cell Biology, Elective

Total hours 0 added.

C. Provision for interchangeable use of course(s) with program(s)

a. N/A

D. Revision of course content. Include, as an appendix, a revised course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the university catalog.

a. N/A

E. Other changes to existing courses such as changes to title, course number, and elective or required status.

a. N/A

F. Creation of new course(s). For each new course

1. Designate the course number, title, units of credit, prerequisites (if any), ownership (FSU or shared) and specify its status as an elective or required course. If you are creating a shared course, attach a memo from the Deans of the affected Schools explaining the rationale for the course being shared.

1. BIOL 3395 (See Registrar's approval Appendix E)

Cell Biology

4 credit hrs

Prerequisites: BIOL 1106, CHEM 2200

Ownership FSU

Elective

2. Include, as an appendix, a course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the college catalog.

Appendix B

3. Include, as an appendix, a detailed course outline consisting of at least two levels.

Appendix C

4. In order to meet the requirements as outlined in Goal One of the Strategic Plan, please include Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment as an appendix. Examples are available upon request from the Chair of the Curriculum Committee.  
Appendix D

- G. Attach an itemized summary of the present program(s) affected, if any, and of the proposed change(s).
  - a. Biology program (major and minor) will have one more elective. Describe how this proposal affects the hours needed to complete this program. Specifically, what is the net gain or loss in hours? Use the format for Current and Proposed Programs in Appendix A.
    - a. There is no effect of the course addition.

#### **RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL.**

- A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.
  - a. **ETS, Biology scores in Cell Biology in 2017 averaged 52.7, with 4 students above the national average and 9 students, or 69%, below the national average. Similar findings are seen over the past 10 years. The need for the Cell Biology course is seen in the 2017 student exit survey (our first). In this survey 6 out of 10 responses noted the need for a Cell Biology course. Currently students needing this course must take it through another university.**

**Approximately 80% of students in the current freshman class indicate they are pre-professional majors, and this trend has been true over the past 10, or more, years. Of the students we have tracked over the past 5 years, 34% indicate they have been enrolled in either graduate or pre-professional schools. In the 2017 exit survey of Biology students 50% indicated they were going to graduate school.**

- B. **Qualitative Assessment:** Based upon the assessment data above, indicate why a curricular change is justified. Indicate the expected results of the change. Be sure to include an estimate of the increased cost, or reduction in cost of implementation. FOR EXAMPLE: Will new faculty, facilities, equipment, or library materials be required?

- a. **As seen from the above data, standardized test scores and student demand both indicate the need for the proposed course. The Cell Biology will not increase costs to the Biology program as it is an elective in rotation and instructors are already in place to teach the course. Activities developed for this course are in-house using free materials.**

III. Should this proposal affect any course or program in another school, a memo must be sent to the Dean of each school impacted and a copy of the memo(s) must be included with this proposal. In addition, the Deans of the affected schools must sign below to indicate their notification of this proposal.

a. **N/A**

By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

<b>College/School</b>	<b>Dean</b>	<b>Signature</b>

IV. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.

N/A

V. **ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.**

**APPENDIX A**  
B.S. Degree in Biology  
Current Program

<b>Required Major Courses</b>			<b>HRS</b>
BIOL	1105	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES I	4
BIOL	1106	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES I	4
BIOL	2202	GENERAL BOTANY	4
BIOL	2203	GENERAL ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL	3306	FUNDAMENTALS OF ECOLOGY	4
BIOL	3368	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY <b>OR</b>	4

BIOL	3370	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	4
BIOL	3380	GENETICS	4
BIOL	3390	MOLECULAR BIOTECHNOLOGY	4
BIOL	4485	SENIOR SEMINAR	2
CHEM	1105	CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES FOUNDATIONS IN	5
CHEM	2200	BIOCHEMISTRY	4
CHEM	2201	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I	4
CHEM	2202	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II	4
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses</b>			<b>51</b>
Major Electives			12
BIOL	2224	MICROBIOLOGY	
BIOL	3312	ADVANCED BOTANY	
BIOL	3315	INVERTEBRATE BIOLOGY	
BIOL	3316	VERTEBRATE BIOLOGY	
BIOL	3330	AQUATIC ECOLOGY	
BIOL	3331	TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGY	
BIOL	3360	BIOCHEMISTRY	
BIOL	4420	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY	
Minor Requirements/Electives (if minor is required)			
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR (and minor if required)</b>			<b>63</b>

<b>Required General Studies Courses</b>		
Attribute IA – Critical Analysis		3
	ENGL 2220	
Attribute IB – Quantitative Literacy		3
	MATH 1185 or MATH 2501 (PR for BIOL 3390)	
Attribute IC – Written Communication		3
	ENGL 1101	
Attribute ID - Teamwork		
	COMM 2200	
Attribute IE – Information Literacy		X
	ENGL 1102	
Attribute IF – Technology Literacy		3
	TECH 1100	
Attribute IG – Oral Communication		3
	COMM 2200	
Attribute III - Citizenship		3
	POLI 1100	
Attribute IV - Ethics		3
	ENGL 2220	
Attribute V - Health		3

PHED 1100	
Attribute VI - Interdisciplinary	3
POLI 1100	
Attribute VIIA - Arts	X
INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIB - Humanities	3
INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIC – Social Sciences	X
GEOG 2210	
Attribute VIID - Natural Science	X
CHEM 1105	
Attribute VIII – Cultural Awareness	3
GEOG 2210	
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>	<b>120</b>

**APPENDIX A**  
**B.S. Degree in Biology**  
**Proposed Program**

<b>Required Major Courses</b>			<b>HRS</b>
BIOL	1105	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES I	4
BIOL	1106	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES I	4
BIOL	2208	GENERAL BOTANY	4
BIOL	2203	GENERAL ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL	3306	FUNDAMENTALS OF ECOLOGY	4
BIOL	3368	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY <b>OR</b>	4
BIOL	3370	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	4
BIOL	3380	GENETICS	4
BIOL	3390	MOLECULAR BIOTECHNOLOGY	4
BIOL	4485	SENIOR SEMINAR	2
CHEM	1105	CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES I	5
		FOUNDATIONS IN	
CHEM	2200	BIOCHEMISTRY	4
CHEM	2201	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I	4
CHEM	2202	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II	4
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses</b>			<b>51</b>
Major Electives			12
BIOL	2224	MICROBIOLOGY	4
BIOL	3312	ADVANCED BOTANY	4
BIOL	3315	INVERTEBRATE BIOLOGY	4
BIOL	3316	VERTEBRATE BIOLOGY	4
BIOL	3330	AQUATIC ECOLOGY	4
BIOL	3331	TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGY	4
BIOL	3360	BIOCHEMISTRY	4
BIOL	4420	Cell Biology	4
BIOL	3395	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY	4
Minor Requirements/Electives (if minor is required)			
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR (and minor if required)</b>			<b>63</b>

<b>Required General Studies Courses</b>	
Attribute IA – Critical Analysis	3
ENGL 2220	
Attribute IB – Quantitative Literacy	3
MATH 1185 or MATH 2501 (PR for BIOL 3390)	
Attribute IC – Written Communication	
ENGL 1101	



Attribute ID - Teamwork		
	COMM 2200	
Attribute IE – Information Literacy		X
	ENGL 1102	
Attribute IF – Technology Literacy		3
	TECH 1100	
Attribute IG – Oral Communication		3
	COMM 2200	
Attribute III - Citizenship		3
	POLI 1100	
Attribute IV - Ethics		3
	ENGL 2220	
Attribute V - Health		3
	PHED 1100	
Attribute VI - Interdisciplinary		3
	POLI 1100	
Attribute VIIA - Arts		X
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIB - Humanities		3
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIC – Social Sciences		X
	GEOG 2210	
Attribute VIID - Natural Science		X
	CHEM 1105	
Attribute VIII – Cultural Awareness		3
	GEOG 2210	
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>30</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>27</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

## **APPENDIX B**

### Cell Biology course description

Cell Biology is an upper level biology course designed for students in pre-professional and graduate school tracks. This course focuses on the biology of eukaryotic cells: structure, function, bioenergetics, enzymes, cell membranes and organelles; transport across membranes, chemotrophic energy metabolism, receptors, and the endomembrane system. It consists of three one-hour lectures and one single activity per week. Prerequisites: BIOL 1106 and CHEM 2200.

## APPENDIX C

### Course Outline

#### 001 Preview of Cell Biology

- a) Chapter Objectives
  - i) Explain the cell theory and how the modern field of cell biology emerged from this theory.
  - ii) Investigate the experimental techniques and model organisms used to study cell biology.
  - iii) Apply metric system
  - iv) Recognize the difference between resolution and magnification
  - v) Apply the scientific method to areas of scientific inquiry.
- b) Assessment
  - i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Written Exam

#### 004 Cells and Organelles

- a) Chapter Objectives
  - i) Recount the general properties common to all cells, how these properties likely evolved from primitive cells, and the properties that distinguish eukaryotes, prokaryotes, and archaea from each other.
  - ii) Explain the basic structure and function of the major organelles within a typical eukaryotic cell.
- b) Assessment
  - i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Activity, Surface to Volume
  - iii) Written exam

#### 005 Bioenergetics: The Flow of Energy in the Cell

- a) Chapter Objectives
  - i) Describe the importance of energy to the cell and how the energy flows through the biosphere.
  - ii) Use the laws of thermodynamics to calculate different bioenergetic values relevant to cell biology (i.e. entropy, enthalpy, free energy, and the equilibrium constant).
- b) Assessment
  - i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Activity, Photosynthesis lab 2 and problem set
  - iii) Written exam

#### 006 Enzymes the Catalysts of Life

- a) Chapter Objectives
  - i) Summarize the relationship of activation energy to cellular chemistry, and how enzymes (including ribozymes) are able to catalyze chemical reactions.
  - ii) Calculate the important parameters of enzyme kinetics (i.e.  $V_{max}$  and  $K_m$ ) using the principles of the Michaelis-Menten equation.
  - iii) Distinguish the diverse ways that enzymatic activity is regulated.
- b) Assessment
  - i) Clicker questions

- ii) Activity, Bioenergetics Problem set
- iii) Written exam

#### 007 Membranes: Structure, Function, and Chemistry

##### a) Chapter Objectives

- i) Differentiate the five functional roles that biologic membranes play in the biology of the cell.
- ii) Investigate how the fluid mosaic model provides the basis for the structure of cellular membranes.
- iii) Draw the structure of a lipid and explain how the structure allows a lipid bilayer to spontaneously assemble in an aqueous environment
- iv) Explain the importance of membrane lipid and protein component structural asymmetries in membrane function.
- v) Describe the process by which membranes grow, are turned over, or are absorbed

##### b) Assessment

- i) Clicker Questions
- ii) Activity, Enzyme lab and problem set
- iii) Written exam

#### 008 Transport Across Membranes: Overcoming the Permeability Barrier

##### a) Chapter Objectives

- i) Compare and contrast the three transport processes used by the cell to move solutes across membranes- simple diffusion, facilitated diffusion, and active transport.
- ii) Calculate the change in free energy ( $\Delta G$ ) for the transport of uncharged or charged solutes across membranes.
- iii) Given a set of molecules of differing solubility in water, predict their relative rates of diffusion across a membrane bilayer.

##### b) Assessment

- i) Clicker questions
- ii) Activity, Diffusion, Osmosis and Active Transport, Concord Consortium
- iii) Written exam

#### 009 Chemotrophic Energy Metabolism: Glycolysis and Fermentation

##### a) Chapter Objectives

- i) Use the laws of thermodynamics to calculate different bioenergetic values relevant to cell biology (i.e. entropy, enthalpy, free energy, and the equilibrium constant).
- ii) Classify metabolic pathways as either anabolic (i.e. gluconeogenesis) or catabolic (i.e. chemotrophic energy metabolism).
- iii) Investigate the structure and function of ATP as a universal energy coupler.
- iv) Analyze the role of glycolytic enzymes in the process and regulation of glycolysis (using both classical and alternative substrates), fermentation, and other novel roles.

##### b) Assessment

- i) Clicker questions
- ii) Activity, Diffusion, Osmosis and Active Transport, Concord Consortium
- iii) Written exam

#### 010 Chemotrophic Energy Metabolism: Aerobic Respiration

##### a) Chapter Objectives

- i) Dissect the process of aerobic respiration in mitochondria through the steps of glycolysis, pyruvate oxidation, the TCA cycle, electron transport, proton pumping, and ATP synthesis.
  - ii) List the types of energy used by cells and give examples of when / in what cells / situations the different energy sources are used
  - iii) Explain why energy transformations are necessary in the cell
  - iv) Explain how cyanide, an electron transport chain inhibitor, impacts oxygen consumption within animal cells
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Activity, Chicago Murders: A Case Study in Cellular Respiration
  - iii) Written exam

#### 012 The Endomembrane System

- a) Chapter Objectives
- i) Describe the structure and function of each component of the endomembrane system including the endoplasmic reticulum, the Golgi complex, endosomes, lysosomes, and vacuoles (in plant cells).
  - ii) Examine the role of peroxisomes in eukaryotic cell function.
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker Questions
  - ii) Activity, Structure and function of cell organelles
  - iii) Written exam

#### 013 Cytoskeletal System

- a) Chapter Objectives
- i) Distinguish the properties and activities of the three major cytoskeletal components- microtubules, microfilaments, and intermediate filaments.
  - ii) Differentiate intracellular microtubule-based movement via motor proteins (kinesin and dynein) from microtubule-based motility via cellular appendages (cilia and flagella)
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Structure and function of cell organelles (continued)
  - iii) Written exam

#### 014 Cellular Movement: Motility and Contractility

- a) Chapter Objectives
- i) Differentiate intracellular microtubule-based movement via motor proteins (kinesin and dynein) from microtubule-based motility via cellular appendages (cilia and flagella)
  - ii) Interrogate the role of myosin in actin-based cell movement in both muscle and non-muscle cells.
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Cell Movement
  - iii) Written exam

#### 015 Beyond the Cell: Cell Adhesions, Cell Junctions, and Extracellular Structures

- a) Chapter Objectives

- i) Specify the mechanisms whereby cells associate with each other through cell adhesion and cell-cell junctions.
  - ii) Compare the composition and function of the extracellular matrix of the animal cell to the plant cell surface.
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Activity, I-cell-MATRIX
  - iii) Written exam

#### 022 Signal Transduction Mechanisms: I, Electrical and Synaptic Signaling in Neurons

- a) Chapter Objectives
- i) Calculate membrane potential based on ion concentrations using either the Nernst or Goldman equations.
  - ii) Describe the structure of the neuron and how it is able to transmit the action potential in response to stimuli.
  - iii) Explain the mechanism used by nerve cells to communicate with each other and deliver signals via synapses (either electrical or chemical).
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker Questions
  - ii) Activity, Signal Transduction in cells
  - iii) Written exam

#### 023 Signal Transduction Mechanisms: II. Messengers and Receptors

- a) Chapter Objectives
- i) Summarize the general flow of information used in cell signaling pathways.
  - ii) Compare and contrast the three main types of receptor-mediated signal transduction pathways used in intercellular communication- G protein-linked receptors, protein kinase-associated receptors, and hormone receptors.
  - iii) Investigate the role of calcium in cell signaling processes.
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker Questions
  - ii) Activity, Signal Transduction in cells (continued)
  - iii) Written exam

#### 024 The Cell Cycle and Mitosis

- a) Chapter Objectives
- i) List the phases of the cell cycle, what occurs in each phase, and how each is regulated.
  - ii) Investigate the signals that control cell fate (cell proliferation versus apoptosis).
  - iii) Compare different methods used to coordinate cell division in different cell types.
- b) Assessment
- i) Clicker questions
  - ii) Activity, Cell Cycle
  - iii) Written exam

Appendix D  
Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

- 1) Outcome: Discuss the structure and function of a eukaryotic cell.
  - a) Details/Description:
    - i) Satisfactory Performance Standard: 70% of participants receive a 70% or better
    - ii) Ideal Target: 100% of participants receive 70% or better
    - iii) Implementation Plan: TBD
    - iv) Key/Responsible Personnel: Phil Yeager
    - v) Supporting Attachments:
      - (1) Surface area to volume ratio and its importance in cell.
      - (2) Photosynthesis lab and problem set
      - (3) Bioenergetics problem set
      - (4) Cell movement
  
- 2) Outcome: Demonstrate the ability to think critically and employ critical thinking skills.
  - a) Details/Description:
    - i) Satisfactory Performance Standard: 70% of participants receive a 70% or better
    - ii) Ideal Target: 100% of participants receive 70% or better
    - iii) Implementation Plan: TBD
    - iv) Key/Responsible Personnel: Phil Yeager
    - v) Supporting Attachments:
      - (1) Who would win a “cage match” between the following, and why? “Scorpion vs. Mouse: A Tale of Venom and Action Potentials”
      - (2) “Caught Red-Handed: Hemoglobin, Carbon Monoxide, and a Butcher’s Knife”
      - (3) “How to Make ATP: Three Classic Experiments in Biology”
  
- 3) Outcome: Evaluate and analyze figures and data.
  - a) Details/Description:
    - i) Satisfactory Performance Standard: 70% of participants receive a 70% or better
    - ii) Ideal Target: 100% of participants receive 70% or better
    - iii) Implementation Plan: TBD
    - iv) Key/Responsible Personnel: Phil Yeager
    - v) Supporting Attachments:
      - (1) Enzyme Lab and Problem Set
      - (2) Cellular Respiration
      - (3) Surface area to volume ratio and its importance in cell
  
- 4) Outcome: Illustrate connections between cell biology and concepts across scientific disciplines.
  - a) Details/Description:
    - i) Satisfactory Performance Standard: 70% of participants receive a 70% or better
    - ii) Ideal Target: 100% of participants receive 70% or better
    - iii) Implementation Plan: TBD

- iv) Key/Responsible Personnel: Phil Yeager
- v) Supporting Attachments:
  - (1) Chicago Cyanide Murders: A Case Study in Cellular Respiration
  - (2) Diffusion, Osmosis and Active Transport
  - (3) The Campus Coffee Shop
  - (4) Caffeine Conundrums



Appendix E  
Course Number Approval

**From:** [Gonzalez, Cheri](#)

**To:** [Yeager, Phillip](#)

**Cc:** [Roof, Steven](#); [Flood, Mark](#)

**Subject:** RE: Request for conformation of Course Number availability

**Date:** Wednesday, September 12, 2018 1:57:09 PM

I apologize for my delayed response. BIOL 3395 is approved to be used.

Thank you

Cheri

*Cheri L. Gonzalez*

*University Registrar*

*Fairmont State University*

*304-367-4112*

[Cheri.Gonzalez@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:Cheri.Gonzalez@fairmontstate.edu)



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**MEMORANDUM**

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TO: Faculty Senate

FROM: Dr. Susan Ross

DATE: February 4, 2019

SUBJECT: Curriculum Proposal #18-19-05 REV #1  
Science and Technology/BCG/Biology

I recommend approval of the attached Curriculum Proposal #18-19-05 REV #1. This proposal adds two new electives, BIOL3301 and BIOL3302, to the biology degree (B.S.). The Biology program lacks the ability to offer 2-semester human anatomy and physiology courses which are prerequisites for students interested in professional schools for Physical Therapy, Occupational Therapy, Physician's Assistant, and strongly recommended for students pursuing medical school. The addition of these courses will improve the ability of students to meet requirements for professional schools without forcing students to attend alternate institutions.

cc: Richard Harvey  
Steve Roof  
Stephen Rice  
Kristy Henson  
Laura Ransom  
Cheri Gonzalez  
Lori Schoonmaker

**CURRICULUM PROPOSAL** (Submit one hard copy and an electronic copy to the Associate Provost by the second Tuesday of the month.)

<b>Proposal Number:</b>	<u>#18-19-05</u>
<b>School/Department/Program:</b>	<u>Science and Technology/BCG/Biology</u>
<b>Preparer/Contact Person:</b>	<u>Stephen Rice &amp; Kristy Henson</u>
<b>Telephone Extension:</b>	<u>x4946 / x4877</u>
<b>Date Originally Submitted:</b>	<u>10-22-2018</u>
<b>Revision (Indicate date and label it Revision #1, #2, etc.):</b>	<u>Rev #1:</u>
<b>Implementation Date Requested:</b>	<u>Fall 2019</u>

- I. **PROPOSAL.** Write a brief abstract, not exceeding 100 words, which describes the overall content of the proposal.

This proposal adds two new electives, BIOL3301 and BIOL3302, to the biology degree (B.S.). The Biology program lacks the ability to offer 2-semester human anatomy and physiology courses which are prerequisites for students interested in professional schools for Physical Therapy, Occupational Therapy, Physician's Assistant, and strongly recommended for students pursuing medical school. The absence of these courses from Fairmont State's curriculum forces students to take courses elsewhere and may negatively impact retention and enrollment. The addition of these courses will improve the ability of students to meet requirements for professional schools without forcing students to attend alternate institutions.

The overall effect of these changes is:

- II. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL.** Provide a response for each letter, A-H, and for each Roman Numeral II–V. If any section does not apply to your proposal, reply N/A.

A. Deletion of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

- a. B.S. Biology deletions from requirements: None

Total hours deleted 0

B. Addition of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

- a. Electives that will not affect the Biology B.S. requirements:

BIOL 3301 Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology I (4 hours)  
BIOL 3302 Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology II (4 hours)

Total hours added 0

- C. Provision for interchangeable use of course(s) with program(s):
  - a. Not Applicable
- D. Revision of course content. Include, as an appendix, a revised course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the university catalog:
  - a. Not Applicable
- E. Other changes to existing courses such as changes to title, course number, and elective or required status.
  - a. Not Applicable
- F. Creation of new course(s). For each new course
  - 1. Designate the course number, title, units of credit, prerequisites (if any), ownership (FSU, PC&TC, or shared) and specify its status as an elective or required course. If you are creating a shared course, attach a memo from the Deans of the affected Schools explaining the rationale for the course being shared.

Number	Course Title	Credits	Prerequisites	Ownership	Status
BIOL 3301	Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology I	4	BIOL1106 and either BIOL2203, FORS3200, or permission of instructor	FSU	Elective
BIOL 3302	Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology II	4	BIOL 3301 with a C or better or permission of instructor	FSU	Elective

See Registrar's approval email in Appendix E

- 2. Include, as an appendix, a course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the college catalog.
  - a. Appendix B contains the new course descriptions
- 3. Include, as an appendix, a detailed course outline consisting of at least two levels.
  - a. Appendix C contains the two-level course outlines
- 4. In order to meet the requirements as outlined in Goal One of the Strategic Plan, please include Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment as an appendix. Examples are available upon request from the Chair of the Curriculum Committee.
  - a. Appendix C contains the Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment
- G. Attach an itemized summary of the present program(s) affected, if any, and of the proposed change(s).
  - 1. Describe how this proposal affects the hours needed to complete this program. Specifically, what is the net gain or loss in hours? Use the format for Current and Proposed Programs in Appendix A. Biology program (major and minor) will have two additional electives which will not impact the hours needed to complete the program.
  - 2. Include proof that this proposal meets the degree definition policy (Board of Governor's Policy #52) as part of the Proposed Program in Appendix A.
  - 3. Exceptions to the degree definition policy: As per policy #52, programs seeking exceptions to any of the maximum credit hour limits must submit formal requests to the Board of Governors for approval. Explain the rationale for the exception by documenting the existence of one or more of the criteria in paragraph 4.2.

**RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL.**

- A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.

Under the current curriculum, students are forced to take 2-semester human anatomy and physiology courses at a different institution to meet the requirements of pre-professional programs. Exercise Science sends 6-8 students per year off campus (Paul Reneau, memo attached) and the biology program reports that approximately 5 students per year leave campus to meet these requirements as well.

- B. **Qualitative Assessment:** Based upon the assessment data above, indicate why a curricular change is justified. Indicate the expected results of the change. Be sure to include an estimate of the increased cost, or reduction in cost of implementation. FOR EXAMPLE: Will new faculty, facilities, equipment, or library materials be required?

The current curriculum forces students away from Fairmont State to meet program requirements and may negatively impact student recruitment and retention for those in pre-professional career paths. A curricular change is justified to meet the needs of current students and may improve student recruitment and retention for pre-professional careers while additionally offering value to students in Exercise Science. West Virginia University's Physical Therapy program has acknowledged that these courses will be accepted to satisfy the admission pre-requisites for human anatomy and physiology (Brenda Wolfe, memo attached).

Ultimately, students will be best served through the acquisition of additional instructional resources (e.g. histology slides, anatomical charts & models). These additional resources may be used to supplement instruction in additional human biology-focused laboratory courses. These resources are not required to offer the initial curriculum but will greatly improve student retention and engagement. Initial curriculum and activities will use available resources and digital materials.

- III. Should this proposal affect any course or program in another school, a memo must be sent to the Dean of each school impacted and a copy of the memo(s) must be included with this proposal. In addition, the Deans of the affected schools must sign below to indicate their notification of this proposal.

By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

College/School	Dean	Signature
Education, Health and Human Performance	Dr. Amanda Metcalf	
Science and Technology	Dr. Steven Roof	

- IV. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.
  - a. Not Applicable

V. **ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.**

Please see the final page of this revised proposal submission for the original page 4 which contains the signatures of both Deans.

**APPENDIX A**  
B.S. Degree in Biology

BIOL 1105	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES I	4
BIOL 1106	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES II	4
BIOL 2202	GENERAL BOTANY	4
BIOL 2203	GENERAL ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL 3306	FUNDAMENTALS OF ECOLOGY.	4
BIOL 3368	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY	4
or BIOL 3370	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	4
BIOL 3380	GENETICS	4
BIOL 3390	MOLECULAR BIOTECHNOLOGY	4
BIOL 4485	SENIOR SEMINAR	2
CHEM 1105	CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES	5
CHEM 2200	FOUNDATIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY	4
CHEM 2201	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I	4
CHEM 2202	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II	4
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses</b>		<b>51 hours</b>
Major Electives		12 hours
BIOL 2224	MICROBIOLOGY	4
BIOL 3312	ADVANCED BOTANY	4
BIOL 3315	INVERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL 3316	VERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL 3330	AQUATIC ECOLOGY	4
BIOL 3331	TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGY	4
BIOL 3360	BIOCHEMISTRY	4
BIOL 4420	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY	4
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR</b>		<b>63 hours</b>

**Required and Recommended General Studies Courses**

Attribute IA – Critical Analysis		3
	ENGL 2220	
Attribute IB – Quantitative Literacy		4
	MATH 1585 or 2501 (PR for BIOL 3390)	
Attribute IC – Written Communication		3
	ENGL 1101	
Attribute ID - Teamwork		3
	COMM 2200	
Attribute IE – Information Literacy		3
	ENGL1102	
Attribute IF – Technology Literacy		3
	TECH 1100	
Attribute IG – Oral Communication		3
	COMM 2200	
Attribute III - Citizenship		3
	POLI 1100	

Attribute IV – Ethics		3
	ENGL 2220	
Attribute V - Health		3
	PHED 1100	
Attribute VI - Interdisciplinary		X
	POLI 1100	
Attribute VIIA - Arts		3
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIB - Humanities		X
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIC – Social Sciences		3
	GEOG 2210	
Attribute VIID - Natural Science		X
	CHEM 1105 (PR for CHEM 2200)	
Attribute VIII – Cultural Awareness		X
	GEOG 2210	
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>30</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>27</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

**APPENDIX A**  
**B.S. Degree in Biology**  
**Proposed Program**

BIOL 1105	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES I	4
BIOL 1106	BIOLOGICAL PRINCIPLES II	4
BIOL 2202	GENERAL BOTANY	4
BIOL 2203	GENERAL ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL 3306	FUNDAMENTALS OF ECOLOGY.	4
BIOL 3368	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY	4
or BIOL 3370	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	4
BIOL 3380	GENETICS	4
BIOL 3390	MOLECULAR BIOTECHNOLOGY	4
BIOL 4485	SENIOR SEMINAR	2
CHEM 1105	CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES	5
CHEM 2200	FOUNDATIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY	4
CHEM 2201	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I	4
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<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses</b>		<b>51 hours</b>
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BIOL 3316	VERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY	4
BIOL 3330	AQUATIC ECOLOGY	4
BIOL 3331	TERRESTRIAL ECOLOGY	4
BIOL 3360	BIOCHEMISTRY	4
BIOL 4420	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY	4
BIOL 3301	ADVANCED HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY I	4
BIOL 3302	ADVANCED HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY II	4
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR</b>		<b>63 hours</b>

**Required and Recommended General Studies Courses**

Attribute IA – Critical Analysis	3
ENGL 2220	
Attribute IB – Quantitative Literacy	4
MATH 1585 or 2501 (PR for BIOL 3390)	
Attribute IC – Written Communication	3
ENGL 1101	
Attribute ID - Teamwork	3
COMM 2200	
Attribute IE – Information Literacy	3
ENGL1102	
Attribute IF – Technology Literacy	3
TECH 1100	
Attribute IG – Oral Communication	3
COMM 2200	



Attribute III - Citizenship		3
	POLI 1100	
Attribute IV - Ethics		3
	ENGL 2220	
Attribute V - Health		3
	PHED 1100	
Attribute VI - Interdisciplinary		X
	POLI 1100	
Attribute VIIA - Arts		3
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIB - Humanities		X
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIC – Social Sciences		3
	GEOG 2210	
Attribute VIID - Natural Science		X
	CHEM 1105 (PR for CHEM 2200)	
Attribute VIII – Cultural Awareness		X
	GEOG 2210	

<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>30</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>27</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

**Appendix B. Course Descriptions for Existing and Revised/New Courses**

Old Catalog Course Description	New Catalog Course Description
	<p>BIOL 3301 Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology I. 4 hours.                      This is the first of a two-semester course focusing on the function and structure of the human body and how it maintains homeostasis. Students will begin with an introduction into the study of Human Anatomy and Physiology, histology, and a focus on a systems-based approach in learning the human body. BIOL3301 will cover the following systems: integumentary, skeletal, muscular, nervous, and endocrine. 3 hours of lecture and one 3-hour laboratory per week.</p> <p>PR: BIOL1106 and either BIOL2203, FORS3200, or permission of instructor. Offered on rotation in Fall semester only. See Biology program website for rotation schedule.</p>
	<p>BIOL 3302 Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology II. 4 hours.                      This is the second of a two-semester course focusing on the function and structure of the human body and how it maintains homeostasis. Students will begin with a brief review of introductory material and histology and then focus on a systems-based approach in learning the human body. BIOL3302 will cover the following systems: cardiovascular, respiratory, lymphatic, digestive, urinary, and reproductive. 3 hours of lecture and one 3-hour laboratory per week.</p> <p>PR: BIOL 3301 with a C or better or instructor permission. Offered on rotation in Spring semester only. See Biology program website for rotation schedule.</p>

## Appendix C. Course Descriptions, Outlines and Outcomes for New and Revised Courses

### BIOL 3301 Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology I

- I. introduction to the human body
  - a. introduction
    - i. define anatomy
    - ii. define physiology
  - b. structural organization
    - i. chemical level
    - ii. cellular level
    - iii. tissue level
    - iv. organ level
    - v. organ systems overview
    - vi. organismal level
  - c. vital functions
    - i. movement
    - ii. responsiveness
    - iii. metabolism
      1. anabolism
      2. catabolism
    - iv. development, growth, and reproduction
  - d. requirements for human life
    - i. oxygen
    - ii. nutrients
    - iii. temperature
    - iv. atmospheric pressure
  - e. homeostasis
    - i. homeostatic control
      1. variable
      2. receptors
      3. control center
      4. effector
    - ii. feedback loops
      1. negative feedback loop
      2. positive feedback loop
  - f. anatomical language
    - i. anatomical position
      1. body positions
        - a. supine
        - b. prone
    - ii. directional terminology
      1. body
        - a. anterior/posterior
        - b. cranial/caudal
        - c. medial/lateral
        - d. proximal/distal
        - e. palmar/dorsal
        - f. plantar/dorsal

- iii. general body region terminology
- iv. body cavities
  - 1. anterior body cavities
    - a. thoracic
    - b. abdominopelvic
  - 2. posterior body cavities
    - a. cranial
    - b. vertebral/spinal
  - 3. serous membranes
    - a. pericardium
    - b. pleura
    - c. peritoneum
- v. regions and quadrants of the peritoneal cavity
- vi. planes & sections
  - 1. coronal / frontal
  - 2. sagittal
  - 3. cross / transverse
  - 4. longitudinal
  - 5. oblique

## II. chemical level of organization

- a. matter
- b. energy
  - i. mechanical
  - ii. chemical
  - iii. electrical
- c. atoms and elements
- d. molecules and compounds
  - i. ions
  - ii. solutes and solvents
- e. chemical bonds
  - i. ionic
  - ii. covalent
  - iii. hydrogen bonds
- f. chemical reactions
  - i. reactant
  - ii. product
  - iii. characteristics of chemical reactions
- g. essential inorganic compounds
  - i. water
  - ii. salts
  - iii. acids and bases
    - 1. pH scale
    - 2. buffers
- h. essential organic compounds
  - i. carbon
  - ii. carbohydrates
  - iii. lipids
  - iv. proteins
  - v. nucleic acids

- vi. ATP
- III. cellular level of organization
  - a. plasma membrane
    - i. phospholipid bilayer
    - ii. bilayer components
  - b. membrane transport
    - i. active transport mechanisms
    - ii. passive transport mechanisms
  - c. cytoplasm
  - d. organelles
  - e. dna and protein synthesis
  - f. cell cycle
    - i. G1
    - ii. S
    - iii. G2
    - iv. M
      - 1. mitosis
      - 2. cytokinesis
    - v. cell cycle control and homeostasis
  - g. differentiation
    - i. stem cells
- IV. tissue level of organization
  - a. embryonic origins
  - b. epithelial tissue
  - c. connective tissue
  - d. muscle tissue
  - e. nervous tissue
  - f. membranes
  - g. tissue injury and aging
- V. integumentary system
  - a. skin anatomy
    - i. epidermis
      - 1. strata and function
      - 2. pigmentation
    - ii. dermis
      - 1. papillary layer
      - 2. reticular layer
    - iii. hypodermis
    - iv. accessory structures
    - v. histology
  - b. function of the integumentary system
    - i. homeostasis and pathology
    - ii. interactions with other organ systems
- VI. skeletal system
  - a. skeletal system function
  - b. classification and structure of bones
    - i. histology
  - c. function of bone types
  - d. ossification

- i. intramembranous
        - 1. histology
      - ii. endochondral
        - 1. histology
    - e. growth
      - i. appositional
      - ii. interstitial
    - f. homeostasis and pathology
    - g. interactions with other organ systems
  - VII. skeletal anatomy
    - a. axial division
      - i. skeletal anatomy
      - ii. ontogeny
    - b. appendicular division
      - i. skeletal anatomy
      - ii. ontogeny
  - VIII. joints
    - a. structural and functional classifications
    - b. fibrous
    - c. cartilaginous
    - d. synovial
      - i. types of movement
      - ii. anatomy of major articulation points
  - IX. muscle tissue
    - a. histology
    - b. skeletal muscle
      - i. microanatomy
      - ii. neuromuscular junction
        - 1. excitation and control
      - iii. muscular physiology
        - 1. sliding filament theory
        - 2. types of muscle fibers
      - iv. nervous system control of muscle tension
      - v. homeostasis
    - c. smooth muscle
      - i. physiology
    - d. cardiac muscle
      - i. physiology
  - X. muscular system
    - a. muscle shapes and lever systems
    - b. muscle anatomy
      - i. origin
      - ii. insertion
      - iii. action
    - c. axial muscle anatomy
    - d. appendicular muscle anatomy
  - XI. nervous system
    - a. structure and function of neurons
    - b. histology and cell types

- i. neuron shape and physiology
    - ii. neuroglia type and physiology
  - c. action potential
  - d. neurotransmitters and receptors
- XII. central nervous system
  - a. embryonic development
  - b. brain
    - i. anatomy
    - ii. physiology
  - c. spinal cord
    - i. anatomy
    - ii. physiology
  - d. interactions with other organ systems
    - i. meningeal layers
    - ii. csf and circulation
- XIII. peripheral nervous system
  - a. cranial nerves
    - i. innervations and function
  - b. spinal nerves
    - i. plexuses
    - ii. innervations and function
  - c. somatic nervous system
    - i. sensory perception
      - 1. receptor types
      - 2. anatomy of receptors
      - 3. physiology
    - ii. central processing
      - 1. ascending pathways
      - 2. sensory homunculus
    - iii. motor responses
      - 1. cortical responses
      - 2. descending pathways
- XIV. special senses
  - a. photoreception
    - i. eye anatomy
    - ii. physiology
  - b. chemoception
    - i. olfaction
      - 1. anatomy
      - 2. physiology
    - ii. gustation
      - 1. anatomy
      - 2. physiology
  - c. hearing and equilibrium
    - i. ear anatomy
    - ii. physiology
- XV. autonomic nervous system
  - a. sympathetic division
    - i. anatomy

- ii. physiology
  - b. parasympathetic division
    - i. Anatomy
    - ii. Physiology
  - c. chemical signaling
  - d. central control structures
  - e. homeostasis
  - f. interactions with other organ systems
- XVI. endocrine system
  - a. chemical signaling and hormones
    - i. receptors
    - ii. target cells
    - iii. half-life, onset, and duration of hormones
    - iv. hormone release
  - b. structures of the endocrine system
    - i. anatomical structures
    - ii. hormones produced
    - iii. physiology of hormones
    - iv. interactions with other organ systems
    - v. organs with secondary function
  - c. development and homeostasis

## Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

### Learning Outcomes for BIOL3301

1. Explain how structure affects function.
2. Explain homeostasis and feedback loops for each organ system covered.
3. Explain the organization of the human body from chemical to organismal.
4. Explain the physiological functions of each organ system covered and identify the organs and structures within each system.
5. Discuss the interconnectedness of organ systems as covered in BIOL3301

### Assessment for lecture/lab learning outcomes

Learning objectives will be assessed initially through in class response systems followed by multiple choice quizzes and homework assignments which focus on critical thinking questions. Learning objectives will also be assessed through standard exam questions which will include multiple choice, matching, short answer, essay, and image identification questions. Learning objectives focused on identification of structure and description of the associated functions will be assessed through laboratory activities and practicals.



BIOL 3302 Advanced Human Anatomy and Physiology II

- XVII. BIOL3301 review
  - a. define anatomy
  - b. define physiology
    - i. homeostasis
    - ii. feedback loops
  - c. structural organization of the human body
  - d. tissues of the human body
  - e. organ system review
    - i. nervous system
    - ii. endocrine system
- XVIII. cardiovascular system: blood
  - a. blood components and function
  - b. formed elements
    - i. histology
    - ii. erythrocytes
      - 1. development
      - 2. function
    - iii. leukocytes
      - 1. types
      - 2. development
      - 3. function
    - iv. thrombocytes
      - 1. development
      - 2. function
  - c. hemostasis
  - d. blood typing
  - e. diagnostic/clinical blood tests
  - f. Interactions with other organ systems
- XIX. cardiovascular system: heart
  - a. heart anatomy
  - b. heart histology and microanatomy
  - c. heart physiology
    - i. cardiac cycle and intrinsic conduction
      - 1. blood flow through the heart
    - ii. cardiac physiology
      - 1. cardiac output
      - 2. heart rate, stroke volume
      - 3. factors affecting physiology
  - d. development of the heart
- XX. cardiovascular system: blood vessels
  - a. structure and function of vessels
    - i. histology
  - b. arterial system
    - i. arteries
      - 1. elastic
      - 2. muscular
    - ii. arterioles

- c. capillaries
  - d. venous system
    - i. veins
    - ii. venules
  - e. physiology of circulation
    - i. blood flow
    - ii. blood pressure
    - iii. blood resistance
    - iv. capillary exchange
  - f. circulatory pathways
    - i. blood flow through the body
    - ii. fetal circulation
  - g. homeostasis and interactions with other organ systems
- XXI. lymphatic and immune system
- a. anatomy of the lymphatic system
    - i. lymphatic vessels
    - ii. lymphoid cells and tissue
      - 1. histology
    - iii. lymph nodes
    - iv. other lymphoid organs
    - v. movement of lymph
  - b. physiology of the lymphatic and immune system
    - i. innate immune response
      - 1. surface barriers
      - 2. internal defense
      - 3. mediators and responses
    - ii. adaptive defense
      - 1. cells of the adaptive immune system
        - a. T-lymphocytes
        - b. B-lymphocytes
    - iii. immune responses
  - c. homeostatic imbalances
  - d. development of immune system
  - e. vaccines
- XXII. respiratory system
- a. anatomy
    - i. histology
  - b. mechanics of breathing
  - c. gas exchange
  - d. transport of respiratory gases through the blood
  - e. respiratory physiology
  - f. homeostasis and interactions with other organ systems
  - g. development of the respiratory system
- XXIII. digestive system
- a. overview of digestive system
    - i. digestive processes
    - ii. regulation
  - b. anatomy
    - i. alimentary canal

- ii. accessory structures
    - iii. histology
  - c. physiology of chemical digestion and absorption
  - d. interactions with other organ systems
- XXIV. metabolism and nutrition
  - a. diet and nutrition
  - b. metabolic functions and reactions
  - c. metabolism of macronutrients
    - i. carbohydrates
    - ii. lipids
    - iii. proteins
  - d. metabolic states
  - e. energy
- XXV. urinary system
  - a. gross anatomy of the urinary system
  - b. renal anatomy
    - i. histology
  - c. renal physiology
    - i. urine formation
    - ii. tubular reabsorption
    - iii. renal blood flow
    - iv. regulation of renal function
  - d. homeostasis and interactions with other organ systems
- XXVI. reproductive system
  - a. male anatomy
    - i. histology
  - b. male physiology
    - i. spermatogenesis
    - ii. hormones
  - c. female anatomy
    - i. histology
  - d. female physiology
    - i. ovulation
    - ii. menses
    - iii. hormones
- XXVII. human development
  - a. fertilization to zygote
  - b. embryonic and fetal development
  - c. effects of pregnancy on mother
  - d. parturition and postnatal changes

# Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

## **Learning Outcomes for BIOL3302**

1. Explain the physiological functions of each organ system covered and identify the organs and structures within each system.
2. Discuss the interconnectedness of organ systems as covered in BIOL3302.
3. Discuss the importance of metabolism and nutrition on overall human health and homeostasis.
4. Explain homeostasis and feedback loops for each organ system covered.

## **Assessment for lecture/lab learning outcomes**

Learning objectives will be assessed initially through in class response systems followed by multiple choice quizzes and homework assignments which focus on critical thinking questions. Learning objectives will also be assessed through standard exam questions which will include multiple choice, matching, short answer, essay, and image identification questions. Learning objectives focused on identification of structure and description of the associated functions will be assessed through laboratory activities and practicals.

**From:** FSU Office of the Registrar  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 18, 2018 8:26 AM  
**To:** Henson, Kristy  
**Cc:** Ransom, Laura; Gonzalez, Cheri  
**Subject:** RE: Request for Course Number availability

Good morning, Professor Henson—

I'm not sure if Cheri already answered your question, as she is out of the office this week, but the course numbers that you requested are available.

Please let me know if you have any questions. Sincerely,

**Lori Schoonmaker, M.A.**  
Associate Registrar/PDSO



1201 Locust Avenue  
Fairmont, WV 26554  
(304) 367-4141  
FAX: (304) 367-4789

***Fairmont State Enrollment Services (including Financial Aid, Registrar, Student Accounts, and Application Processing) is located in the Turley Student Services Center on the 3rd floor.***

***Please be sure to check in with our NEMO Queuing System located in the lobby to speak with a Student Services Representative.***



**FAIRMONT STATE  
UNIVERSITY™**

**School of Education, Health &  
Human Performance**

September 17, 2018  
To Whom It May Concern,

Please accept this letter as evidence that those students majoring in Exercise Science who plan to pursue further professional schooling i.e. Physical Therapy, Occupational Therapy, Physicians Assistant, etc. will take the two course (4 hours each) Human Anatomy & Physiology sequence being proposed by the Biology Department.

Currently an average of 6 – 8 Exercise Science students per year have to take this two course sequence at another college due to professional school entrance requirements and the fact that this sequence is not offered here.

The Exercise Science faculty fully support the implementation of these two courses. Should you have any further questions about this please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,  
Paul Reneau Ph.D.  
Professor  
School of Education, Health & Human Performance  
304-367-4148  
[preneau@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:preneau@fairmontstate.edu)

From: Wolfe, Brenda  
Sent: Friday, October 5, 07:56  
Subject: RE: Fairmont State HAP courses  
To: Henson, Kristy

Hi Kristy

PT admissions committee, said this would be great.

Thank you

**Brenda Wolfe**  
Program Manager

**Professional & Undergraduate Programs | WVU School of Medicine**  
8701-C Health Sciences South | PO Box 9225 | Morgantown, WV 26506-9225

Phone: 304.293.1690 | Fax: 304.293.8384 | Email: [bswolfe@hsc.wvu.edu](mailto:bswolfe@hsc.wvu.edu)

**MOUNTAINEERS**  
**GO FIRST.**

This e-mail may contain confidential information of the sending organization. Any unauthorized or improper disclosure, copying, distribution, or use of the contents of this e-mail and the attached document(s) is prohibited. The information contained in this e-mail and attached document(s) is intended only for the personal and confidential use of the recipient(s) named above. If you have received this communication in error, please notify the sender immediately by e-mail and delete the original e-mail and attached document(s).

**From:** Henson, Kristy <[Kristy.Henson@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:Kristy.Henson@fairmontstate.edu)>  
**Sent:** Thursday, October 4, 2018 1:46 PM  
**To:** Wolfe, Brenda <[bswolfe@hsc.wvu.edu](mailto:bswolfe@hsc.wvu.edu)>  
**Subject:** Fairmont State HAP courses

Hi Brenda,

Thank you for speaking with me earlier.

I'm just sending a follow up email for you to verify that WVU's School of Medicine will accept our newly created courses to satisfy the 8 hours of HAP prerequisite:

Human anatomy and physiology I with lab – 4 hours

Human anatomy and physiology II with lab – 4 hours

Together these courses cover all of the body systems.

Thanks again,

Kristy Henson  
Assistant Professor of Forensic Science

**RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL.**

- A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.

Under the current curriculum, students are forced to take 2-semester human anatomy and physiology courses at a different institution to meet the requirements of pre-professional programs. Exercise science sends 6-8 students per year off campus (Paul Reneau, memo attached) and the biology program reports that approximately 5 students per year leave campus to meet these requirements as well.

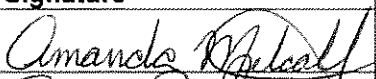
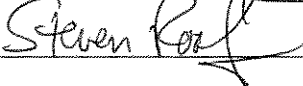
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The current curriculum forces students away from Fairmont State to meet program requirements and may negatively impact student recruitment and retention for those in pre-professional career paths. A curricular change is justified to meet the needs of current students and may improve student recruitment and retention for pre-professional careers while additionally offering value to students in Exercise Sciences. West Virginia University's Physical Therapy program has acknowledged that these courses will be accepted to satisfy the admission pre-requisites for human anatomy and physiology (Brenda Wolfe, memo attached).

To implement these courses, students will be best served through the acquisition of additional instructional resources (e.g. histology slides, anatomical charts & models). These additional resources may be used to supplement instruction in additional human biology focused laboratory courses. These resources are not required to offer the initial curriculum, but will greatly improve student retention and engagement. Initial curriculum and activities will use available resources and digital materials.

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By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

College/School	Dean	Signature
Education, Health and Human Performance	Dr. Amanda Metcalf	
Science and Technology	Dr. Steven Roof	

- IV. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.
  - a. Not Applicable

- V. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.



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**MEMORANDUM**

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TO: Faculty Senate

FROM: Dr. Susan Ross

DATE: February 4, 2019

SUBJECT: Curriculum Proposal #18-19-06 REV #1  
Leadership Certificate

I recommend approval of the attached Curriculum Proposal #18-19-06 REV #1. This proposal updates the University's Leadership Certification in three ways. First, it will make *INTR 2280: Empowering Leadership*, a University course by renumbering it to *INTR 3330: Empowering Leadership*. Second, INTR 3330 will be an Interdisciplinary Studies course that corresponds to BSBA 3330: Empowering Leadership, which was established last year under Curriculum Proposal 17-18-07. Third, the proposal also establishes HONR 3330 as a cross listing for the first leadership class required by Leadership Certification.

cc: Richard Harvey  
J Robert Baker  
Laura Ransom  
Cheri Gonzalez  
Lori Schoonmaker



*Honors Program*

1201 Locust Avenue • Fairmont, West Virginia 26554  
Phone: (304) 367-4260 • Fax: (304) 367-4986  
JRobert.Baker@fairmontstate.edu • www.fairmontstate.edu

**MEMORANDUM**

TO: Professor Richard Harvey  
Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs

FROM: J. Robert Baker *JRB*

DATE: 24 October 2018

RE: Curriculum Proposal for Leadership Certification

The attached curriculum proposal will update the Leadership Certification currently on the books by making Empowering Leader, the first leadership class, a University course, accepting BSBA 3330 as an alternative to Empowering Leadership, and creating an Honors version of this leadership course.

Please let me know if you have any questions or need additional information.

**CURRICULUM PROPOSAL** (Submit one hard copy and an electronic copy to the Associate Provost by the second Tuesday of the month.)

<b>Proposal Number:</b>	<u>18-19-06</u>
<b>School/Department/Program:</b>	<u></u>
<b>Preparer/Contact Person:</b>	<u>J Robert Baker</u>
<b>Telephone Extension:</b>	<u>X 4260</u>
<b>Date Originally Submitted:</b>	<u>24 October 2018</u>
<b>Revision (Indicate date and label it Revision #1, #2, etc.):</b>	<u>Revision #1</u>
<b>Implementation Date Requested:</b>	<u>Fall, 2019</u>

- I. **PROPOSAL.** Write a brief abstract, not exceeding 100 words, which describes the overall content of the proposal.

This proposal updates the University's Leadership Certification in three ways.

First, it makes INTR 2280, Empowering Leadership, a University course by renumbering it INTR 3330, Empowering Leadership. Originally, this was a Fairmont State course, but it has "belonged" to Pierpont Community and Technical College since the institutions separated; renumbering the course will make it a University course and remove the inconsistency of Fairmont State's offering another institution's course.

Second, numbering the first leadership course INTR 3330 will have the Interdisciplinary Studies course correspond to BSBA 3330, Empowering Leadership, which was established last year under Curriculum Proposal 17-18-07. Specifically, this proposal includes BSBA 3330 as an alternative to the required first leadership course.

Third, since the students completing the Leadership Certification in the last five years or so have been Honors students, this proposal also establishes HONR 3330 as a cross listing for the first leadership class required by Leadership Certification.

- II. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL.** Provide a response for each letter, A-H, and for each Roman Numeral II-V. If any section does not apply to your proposal, reply N/A.

A. Deletion of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

Total hours 0 deleted.

B. Addition of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

Total hours 0 added.

- C. Provision for interchangeable use of course(s) with program(s)
  
- D. Revision of course content. Include, as an appendix, a revised course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the university catalog.
  
- E. Other changes to existing courses such as changes to title, course number, and elective or required status.

Please see appendix B.

INTR 2280 becomes INTR 3330. It remains a required course for the Leadership Certificate, though BSBA 3330 and HONR 3330 may be substituted.

HONR 3330 is established as a cross-listing for INTR 3330.

- F. Creation of new course(s). For each new course
  - 1. Designate the course number, title, units of credit, prerequisites (if any), ownership (FSU or shared) and specify its status as an elective or required course. If you are creating a shared course, attach a memo from the Deans of the affected Schools explaining the rationale for the course being shared.  
  
HONR 3330 is established as a cross listing for INTR 3330. It will mirror INTR 3330 and BSBA 3330. It will be owned by Fairmont State and may be used in lieu of INTR 3330 for the Leadership Certification.
  
  - 2. Include, as an appendix, a course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the college catalog.  
  
Please see Appendix B.
  
  - 3. Include, as an appendix, a detailed course outline consisting of at least two levels.  
  
Please see Appendix C.
  
  - 4. In order to meet the requirements as outlined in Goal One of the Strategic Plan, please include Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment as an appendix. Examples are available upon request from the Chair of the Curriculum Committee
  
- G. Attach an itemized summary of the present program(s) affected, if any, and of the proposed change(s).

Describe how this proposal affects the hours needed to complete this program. Specifically, what is the net gain or loss in hours? Use the format for Current and Proposed Programs in Appendix A.

III. **RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL**

A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.

This change is necessitated by the establishment of BSBA 3330, Empowering Leadership, in the previous academic year under Curriculum Proposal 17-18-07. It is also needed to allow the University to offer the Leadership Certification without relying on a Pierpont course.

B. **Qualitative Assessment:** Based upon the assessment data above, indicate why a curricular change is justified. Indicate the expected results of the change. Be sure to include an estimate of the increased cost, or reduction in cost of implementation. **FOR EXAMPLE:** Will new faculty, facilities, equipment, or library materials be required?

The Leadership Certification provides Fairmont State University students with the opportunity to develop their leadership abilities, regardless of their academic major or minor. The Leadership Certification affords students with yet another credential as they graduate and enter the working world as this interdisciplinary humanities program, based in the liberal arts and grounded in both theory and practical experience, is designed to enhance a student's college career by linking leadership to self-awareness, personal growth, organizational theory and practical experience in community service.

IV. Should this proposal affect any course or program in another school, a memo must be sent to the Dean of each school impacted and a copy of the memo(s) must be included with this proposal. In addition, the Deans of the affected schools must sign below to indicate their notification of this proposal.

This proposal does not impact any academic program outside the Leadership Certification.

By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

College/School	Dean	Signature
Pierpont	Richard Hawley	Richard Hawley

V. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.

VI. **ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.**

**APPENDIX A**  
Leadership Certification  
Current Program

Required Courses: 10 SEM. HRS.

INTR 2280 EMPOWERING LEADERSHIP .....	3
INTR 2281 GREAT IDEAS OF LEADERS .....	3
MGMT 3390 ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR.....	3
-OR -	
PSYC 4410 THEORIES OF PERSONALITY .....	3
HUSV 1103 COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING.....	1
-OR - PHI THETA KAPPA LEADERSHIP CERTIFICATE .....	1

Leadership Certification  
Proposed Program

Required Courses: 10 SEM. HRS.

INTR 3330 EMPOWERING LEADERSHIP .....	3
-OR-	
BSBA 3330 EMPOWERING LEADERSHIP .....	3
-OR-	
HONR 3330 EMPOWERING LEADERSHIP .....	3
INTR 2281 GREAT IDEAS OF LEADERS .....	3
MGMT 3390 ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR.....	3
-OR -	
PSYC 4410 THEORIES OF PERSONALITY .....	3
HUSV 1103 COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING.....	1
-OR - PHI THETA KAPPA LEADERSHIP CERTIFICATE .....	1

## APPENDIX B

### Course Titles, Descriptions, and Outcomes

INTR 3330, Empowering Leadership. The course description for the renumbered INTR 2280 will remain the same:

The purpose of this course is to help prepare students to assume increasingly responsible leadership roles of empowerment in their personal, professional and academic lives. This interdisciplinary, student-centered course focuses not only on significant theories of empowering leadership and their applicability to leaders of the past and present, but also includes substantial hands-on, experiential learning opportunities in which students practice empowering leadership. PR: ENGL 1101 (with a grade of a "C" or better).

#### **Course Goals and Objectives:**

The major student objectives of the course are to

- develop a fundamental understanding of leadership and develop personal leadership philosophy;
- demonstrate effective techniques and strategies for articulating a vision, setting goals, decision making, team building,
- develop skills in empowering, delegating, initiating change and handling conflict
- define and evaluate the servant-leader's role in leadership; and develop their personal leadership ability.

HONR 3330, Empowering Leadership.

The purpose of this course is to help prepare students to assume increasingly responsible leadership roles of empowerment in their personal, professional and academic lives. This interdisciplinary, student-centered course focuses not only on significant theories of empowering leadership and their applicability to leaders of the past and present, but also includes substantial hands-on, experiential learning opportunities in which students practice empowering leadership. PR: ENGL 1101 (with a grade of a "C" or better).

#### **Course Goals and Objectives:**

The major student objectives of the course are to

- develop a fundamental understanding of leadership and develop personal leadership philosophy;
- demonstrate effective techniques and strategies for articulating a vision, setting goals, decision making, team building,
- develop skills in empowering, delegating, initiating change and handling conflict
- define and evaluate the servant-leader's role in leadership; and develop their personal leadership ability.

## APPENDIX C

### Course Outline for INTR 3330 and HONR 3330, Empowering Leadership

#### Leadership - Developing a Personal Philosophy

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **I. Servant Leadership**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **II. Ethical Leadership**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **III. A Vision of Leadership**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **IV. Team-building**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **V. Leading with Goals**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **VI. Making Decisions**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **VII. Guiding through Conflict**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **VIII. Change**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **IX. Empowering Others**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies

#### **X. A History of Leadership Studies**

- A. Classic Case
- B. Leadership Profile
- C. Readings
- D. Film Studies



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**MEMORANDUM**

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TO: Faculty Senate

FROM: Dr. Susan Ross

DATE: February 4, 2019

SUBJECT: Curriculum Proposal #18-19-07 REV #1(Passed 2 readings in Curriculum Committee with minor grammatical revisions and scanned signature page inserted into electronic copy)  
Liberal Arts/Behavioral Sciences/Psychology

I recommend approval of the attached Curriculum Proposal #18-19-07 REV #1. The proposal reduces the Psychology program credit hours from 55 to 49 by reclassifying PSYC 3310, Experimental Psychology, and PSYC 4460, Seminar, as elective rather than required courses. The proposal also modifies prerequisites for Experimental Psychology and Research Capstone (PSYC 3390) to accommodate the elective status of Experimental Psychology. Finally, the proposal adds Psychology of Substance Abuse (PSYC 3395), previously offered as Special Topics in Psychology (PSYC 3399), as a permanent Psychology elective in the course catalog.

cc: Richard Harvey  
Chris Kast  
Zach Moore  
Laura Ransom  
Cheri Gonzalez  
Lori Schoonmaker

**CURRICULUM PROPOSAL** (Submit one hard copy and an electronic copy to the Associate Provost by the second Tuesday of the month.)

**Proposal Number:** 18-19-07

**School/Department/Program:** Liberal Arts/Behavioral Sciences/Psychology

**Preparer/Contact Person:** Zach Moore

**Telephone Extension:** X4669

**Date Originally Submitted:** 10-31-2018

**Revision (Indicate date and label it Revision #1, #2, etc.):** Revision #1 (1-22-2019) – Passed 2 readings in Curriculum Committee with minor grammatical revisions and scanned signature page inserted into electronic copy.

**Implementation Date Requested:** August, 2019

- I. **PROPOSAL.** Write a brief abstract, not exceeding 100 words, which describes the overall content of the proposal.

We propose reducing the Psychology program hours from 55 to 49 by reclassifying PSYC 3310, Experimental Psychology, and PSYC 4460, Seminar, as elective rather than required courses. We also propose modifying prerequisites for Experimental Psychology and Research Capstone (PSYC 3390) to accommodate the elective status of Experimental Psychology.

Finally, we propose adding Psychology of Substance Abuse (PSYC 3395), previously offered as Special Topics in Psychology (PSYC 3399), as a permanent Psychology elective in the course catalog.

- II. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL.** Provide a response for each letter, A-H, and for each Roman Numeral II–V. If any section does not apply to your proposal, reply N/A.

A. Deletion of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

- The program hours will be reduced from 55 to 49 by reclassifying PSYC 3310, Experimental Psychology, and PSYC 4460, Seminar, as elective rather than required courses.

Total hours deleted. 6

B. Addition of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

- PSYC 3395 Psychology of Substance Abuse (3) as an elective

Total hours added. 0

C. Provision for interchangeable use of course(s) with program(s)

N/A

- D. Revision of course content. Include, as an appendix, a revised course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the university catalog.
- Content of the courses will remain unchanged.
  - Prerequisites in catalog descriptions will be updated (see **appendix B**)
    - Experimental Psychology (PSYC 3310) will now include only one prerequisite: PSYC 2240 or SOCY 2240 (retained). The existing prerequisite of PSYC 3305 or SOCY 3360 will be deleted.
    - Research Capstone (PSYC 3390) will now include the following prerequisites: ENGL 1102 (retained) and PSYC 3305 (added). The existing prerequisite of PSYC 3310 will be deleted.
- E. Other changes to existing courses such as changes to title, course number, and elective or required status.
- The status of PSYC 3310 will be changed from required to elective.
  - The status of PSYC 4460 will be changed from required to elective.
- F. Creation of new course(s). For each new course
1. Designate the course number, title, units of credit, prerequisites (if any), ownership (FSU or shared) and specify its status as an elective or required course. If you are creating a shared course, attach a memo from the Deans of the affected Schools explaining the rationale for the course being shared.

Number	Course Title	Credits	Prerequisites	Ownership	Status
PSYC 3395	Psychology of Substance Abuse	3	PSYC 1101	FSU	Elective

2. Include, as an appendix, a course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the college catalog.
    - See **appendix B**
  3. Include, as an appendix, a detailed course outline consisting of at least two levels.
    - See **appendix C**
  4. In order to meet the requirements as outlined in Goal One of the Strategic Plan, please include Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment as an appendix. Examples are available upon request from the Chair of the Curriculum Committee.
    - See **appendix D**
- G. Attach an itemized summary of the present program(s) affected, if any, and of the proposed change(s).

Describe how this proposal affects the hours needed to complete this program. Specifically, what is the net gain or loss in hours? Use the format for Current and Proposed Programs in Appendix A.

The proposed changes will reduce the number of semester hours needed to complete the Psychology program from 55 to 49 for a net loss of 6. Graduation requirements will include 49 hrs. of Psychology courses (40 required and 9 elective), 39 hrs. of General Studies courses, and 32 hrs. of free electives.

III. **RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL.**

- A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.

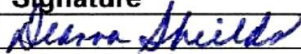
After a review of several comparable programs, we determined that the number of required hours in our current program is significantly greater than what is typical. The two courses we propose reclassifying are rarely included as required courses but often included as electives. The proposed reduction in hours will bring our program into closer alignment with apparent trends. The proposed retention of PSYC 3310 and PSYC 4460 as electives will maintain the breadth of offerings associated with apparent trends. The Psychology of Substance Abuse course has been offered multiple times as a special topics course, and it fills to capacity every semester. Additionally, substance abuse has become an increasingly pervasive national and local problem. According to the NIH's National Institute on Drug Abuse ([www.drugabuse.gov](http://www.drugabuse.gov)), for example, *In 2016, West Virginia had the highest rate of opioid-related overdose deaths in the United States—a rate of 43.4 deaths per 100,000—and up from a low 1.8 deaths per 100,000 in 1999.* A substance abuse course is invaluable to those individuals who intend to work with this growing clinical population.

- B. **Qualitative Assessment:** Based upon the assessment data above, indicate why a curricular change is justified. Indicate the expected results of the change. Be sure to include an estimate of the increased cost, or reduction in cost of implementation. FOR EXAMPLE: Will new faculty, facilities, equipment, or library materials be required?

The proposed changes to the major requirements will provide our majors with the option to pursue advanced interdisciplinary training while retaining the option to pursue advanced Psychology training. The proposed inclusion of the special topics course as a permanent elective will continue to provide our majors with specialized training in an area of Psychology that is especially relevant to current local and national issues. No increase or reduction in cost is foreseen.

- IV. Should this proposal affect any course or program in another school, a memo must be sent to the Dean of each school impacted and a copy of the memo(s) must be included with this proposal. In addition, the Deans of the affected schools must sign below to indicate their notification of this proposal.

By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

College/School	Dean	Signature
College of Liberal Arts	Dr. Shields	

- V. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.

N/A

- VI. **ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.**

**APPENDIX A**  
B.S. Degree in Psychology  
Current Program

<b>Required Major Courses</b>		<b>HRS</b>
PSYC 1101	Introduction to Psychology	3
PSYC 2220	History & Systems of Psychology	3
PSYC 2230	Social Psychology	3
PSYC 2240	Behavioral Statistics	3
PSYC 3300	Abnormal Psychology	3
PSYC 3305	Research Methods in the Behavioral Sciences	4
PSYC 3310	Experimental Psychology	3
PSYC 3330	Developmental Psychology	3
PSYC 3340	Intervention Techniques and Applications	3
PSYC 3350	Biopsychology	3
PSYC 3360	Cognitive Psychology <b>or</b> PSYC 3370	3
PSYC 3370	Theories of Learning <b>or</b> PSYC 3360	3
PSYC 3390	Research Capstone	3
PSYC 4400	Psychometrics	3
PSYC 4410	Theories of Personality	3
PSYC 4460	Seminar	3
Any 3 courses from the PSYC electives listed below		9
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses Hours</b>		<b>46 hrs.</b>
<b>Major Electives Hours</b>		<b>9 hrs.</b>
PSYC 2250	Community Psychology	3
PSYC 2260	Industrial Personnel	3
PSYC 3320	Sensation and Perception	3
PSYC 3399	Special Topics	3
PSYC 4480	Directed Studies	1-3
PSYC 4485	Advanced Psychometrics	3
PSYC 4487	Practicum I	3
PSYC 4489	Practicum II	3
PSYC 4490	Directed Research	1-3
PSYC 4491	Psychopathology Child & Adolescent	3
PSYC 4493	The Psychology Of Aging	3
PSYC 4494	Interpersonal Dynamics	3
Minor Requirements/Electives (if minor is required)		XX
*There is no minor requirement		
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR (and minor if required)</b>		<b>55</b>

<b>Required General Studies Courses (example text highlighted)</b>	
Attribute 1 – Critical Analysis	x
PSYC 3310 (satisfied in major)	
Attribute 2 – Quantitative Literacy	3
Any course listed in 2, MATH 1407/MATH 1507 recommended	
Attribute 3 – Written Communication	3
Any course listed in 3, ENGL 1101 recommended	
Attribute 4 - Teamwork	x

	Any course listed in 4, COMM 2200 recommended (May be satisfied in Attribute 7)	
Attribute 5 – Information Literacy		3
	Any course listed in 5, ENGL 1102 recommended	
Attribute 6 – Technology Literacy		3
	Any course listed in 6	
Attribute 7 – Oral Communication		3
	Any course listed in 7, COMM 2200 recommended (May be satisfied in Attribute 4)	
Attribute 8 - Citizenship		3
	Any course listed in 8	
Attribute 9 - Ethics		3
	Any course listed in 9	
Attribute 10 - Health		2
	Any course listed in 10	
Attribute 11 - Interdisciplinary		3
	Any course listed in 11	
Attribute 12 - Arts		3
	Any course in 12	
Attribute 13 - Humanities		3
	Any course in 13	
Attribute 14 – Social Sciences		x
	PSYC 1101 (satisfied in major)	
Attribute 15 - Natural Science		4
	Any course in 15	
Attribute 16 – Cultural Awareness		3
	Any course in 16	
Additional General Studies hours		x
	PSYC 3390 (satisfied in major) (writing intensive course)	
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>39</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>26</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

- B.S. in Psychology (120 SEM. HRS)
- General Studies Requirements (39 SEM HRS.)
- Free Electives (26 SEM HRS.)
- Psychology Curriculum (55 SEM. HRS.)
- Required Courses (46 hrs.)
- Required Electives (9 hrs.)
- PSYC 3360 Cognitive Psychology may be taken as one of the required electives or in the place of PSYC 3370 Theories of Learning as a required course. PSYC 3360 may not be used as both an elective course and a required course.

**APPENDIX A**  
B.S. Degree in Psychology  
Proposed Program

<b>Required Major Courses</b>		<b>HRS</b>
PSYC 1101	Introduction to Psychology	3
PSYC 2220	History & Systems of Psychology	3
PSYC 2230	Social Psychology	3
PSYC 2240	Behavioral Statistics	3
PSYC 3300	Abnormal Psychology	3
PSYC 3305	Research Methods in the Behavioral Sciences	4
PSYC 3330	Developmental Psychology	3
PSYC 3340	Intervention Techniques and Applications	3
PSYC 3350	Biopsychology	3
PSYC 3360	Cognitive Psychology <b>or</b> PSYC 3370	3
PSYC 3370	Theories of Learning <b>or</b> PSYC 3360	3
PSYC 3390	Research Capstone	3
PSYC 4400	Psychometrics	3
PSYC 4410	Theories of Personality	3
Any 3 courses from the PSYC electives listed below		9
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses Hours</b>		<b>40 hrs.</b>
<b>Major Electives Hours</b>		<b>9 hrs.</b>
PSYC 2250	Community Psychology	3
PSYC 2260	Industrial Personnel	3
<b>PSYC 3310</b>	<b>Experimental Psychology</b>	<b>3</b>
PSYC 3320	Sensation and Perception	3
<b>PSYC 3395</b>	<b>Psychology of Substance Abuse</b>	<b>3</b>
PSYC 3399	Special Topics	3
<b>PSYC 4460</b>	<b>Seminar</b>	<b>3-6</b>
PSYC 4480	Directed Studies	1-3
PSYC 4485	Advanced Psychometrics	3
PSYC 4487	Practicum I	3
PSYC 4489	Practicum II	3
PSYC 4490	Directed Research	1-3
PSYC 4491	Psychopathology Child & Adolescent	3
PSYC 4493	The Psychology Of Aging	3
PSYC 4494	Interpersonal Dynamics	3
Minor Requirements/Electives (if minor is required)		XX
*There is no minor requirement		
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR (and minor if required)</b>		<b>49</b>

<b>Required General Studies Courses (example text highlighted)</b>	
Attribute 1 – Critical Analysis	<b>3</b>
Any course listed in 1	
Attribute 2 – Quantitative Literacy	3
Any course listed in 2, MATH 1407/MATH 1507 recommended	
Attribute 3 – Written Communication	3

	Any course listed in 3, ENGL 1101 recommended	
Attribute 4- Teamwork		x
	Any course listed in 4, COMM 2200 recommended (May be satisfied in Attribute 7)	
Attribute 5 – Information Literacy		3
	Any course listed in 5, ENGL 1102 recommended	
Attribute 6– Technology Literacy		3
	Any course listed in 6	
Attribute 7 – Oral Communication		3
	Any course listed in 7, COMM 2200 recommended (May be satisfied in Attribute 4)	
Attribute 8 - Citizenship		3
	Any course listed in 8	
Attribute 9- Ethics		3
	Any course listed in 9	
Attribute 10 - Health		2
	Any course listed in 10	
Attribute 11 - Interdisciplinary		3
	Any course listed in 11	
Attribute 12 - Arts		3
	Any course in 12	
Attribute 13- Humanities		3
	Any course in 13	
Attribute 14 – Social Sciences		x
	PSYC 1101 (satisfied in major)	
Attribute 15 - Natural Science		4
	Any course in 15	
Attribute 16 – Cultural Awareness		3
	Any course listed in 16	
Additional General Studies hours		x
	PSYC 3390 (satisfied in major) (writing intensive course)	
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>39</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>32</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

- B.S. in Psychology (120 SEM. HRS)
- General Studies Requirements (39 SEM HRS.)
- Free Electives (32 SEM HRS.)
- Psychology Curriculum (49 SEM. HRS.)
- Required Courses (40 hrs.)
- Required Electives (9 hrs.)
- PSYC 3360 Cognitive Psychology may be taken as one of the required electives or in the place of PSYC 3370 Theories of Learning as a required course. PSYC 3360 may not be used as both an elective course and a required course.

## APPENDIX B



## Description of potentially new and changed courses

### CHANGED DESCRIPTIONS

PSYC 3310 Experimental Psychology..... 3 hrs.

An introduction to the procedures of experimental research, design and evaluation, using laboratory techniques.

PR: PSYC 2240 or SOCY 2240.

PSYC 3390 Research Capstone ..... 3 hrs.

*Writing Intensive*

A detailed study of the methodological and philosophical issues involved in the analysis of behavior. The course objectives are to provide insight into the nature of applied scientific research, to foster the ability to construct empirical hypotheses, to develop facility in designing experimental tests of hypotheses, to promote effective reading and evaluation of psychological research and to encourage professional writing and speaking about psychological theory and experimentation. PR: ENGL 1102, PSYC 3305 or SOCY 3360.

### NEW DESCRIPTION

PSYC 3395 Psychology of Substance Abuse ..... 3 hrs.

This course covers current research and trends related to substance use, abuse, dependence, and treatment.

Emphasis will be placed on development of practical knowledge and skills that can be used when dealing with populations that are directly or indirectly impacted by substance use and abuse. PR: PSYC 1101.

## APPENDIX C

### Course Outline for PSYC 3395 – Psychology of Substance Abuse

- I. Introduction to Substance Use and Abuse
  - a. Pharmacology and Drugs
    - i. Methods of Drug Classification
    - ii. Drug Use
  - b. Defining Harmful Drug Use
    - i. Use of the DSM
    - ii. Drug Tolerance, Withdrawal, and Drug-Taking Behavior
    - iii. Negative Consequences of Drug Use
  
- II. Legality of Drugs
  - a. Medical Science and Drug Use
  - b. Development of Drug Laws
    - i. The San Francisco Ordinance
    - ii. Pure Food and Drug Act
    - iii. Harrison Narcotics Tax Act
    - iv. Alcohol Prohibition
    - v. Post-Prohibition Legislation
  - c. Current Drug Laws
  
- III. Pharmacology
  - a. Pharmacokinetics
    - i. Routes of Administration
    - ii. Drug Absorption
    - iii. Drug Elimination
  - b. Pharmacodynamics
    - i. The Dose–Effect Curve
    - ii. Effective and Lethal Doses
    - iii. Drug Interactions
  
- IV. Psychopharmacology
  - a. Characteristics of Users
  - b. Social and Environmental Factors
  - c. Tolerance
    - i. Types of Tolerance
    - ii. Explanations of Tolerance
  - d. Behavioral Pharmacology
    - i. Reinforcement and Punishment
    - ii. Operant Principles and Drug Dependence
    - iii. Conflict Paradigm
  - e. Animal Models and Human Drug Use
  - f. Human Behavioral Pharmacology
    - i. Ethical Issues
    - ii. Placebo Controls
  - g. New Drug Development
    - i. Clinical Trials and FDA Approval
    - ii. Distribution and Marketing
    - iii. Generic Drugs

- V. Drug Types, Effects, and Usage
  - a. Stimulants
    - i. Prevalence of use and abuse
    - ii. Mechanism of Action
    - iii. Physiological, Psychological, and Behavioral Effects
      - 1. Acute effects
      - 2. Chronic effects
    - iv. Tolerance, Dependence, and Withdrawal
  - b. Tobacco and Nicotine
    - i. Prevalence of use and abuse
    - ii. Mechanism of Action
    - iii. Physiological, Psychological, and Behavioral Effects
      - 1. Acute effects
      - 2. Chronic effects
    - iv. Tolerance, Dependence, and Withdrawal
  - c. Alcohol
    - i. Prevalence of use and abuse
    - ii. Mechanism of Action
    - iii. Physiological, Psychological, and Behavioral Effects
      - 1. Acute effects
      - 2. Chronic effects
    - iv. Tolerance, Dependence, and Withdrawal
  - d. Opiates
    - i. Prevalence of use and abuse
    - ii. Mechanism of Action
    - iii. Physiological, Psychological, and Behavioral Effects
      - 1. Acute effects
      - 2. Chronic effects
    - iv. Tolerance, Dependence, and Withdrawal
  - e. Marijuana
    - i. Prevalence of use and abuse
    - ii. Mechanism of Action
    - iii. Physiological, Psychological, and Behavioral Effects
      - 1. Acute effects
      - 2. Chronic effects
    - iv. Tolerance, Dependence, and Withdrawal
  - f. Hallucinogens
    - i. Prevalence of use and abuse
    - ii. Mechanism of Action
    - iii. Physiological, Psychological, and Behavioral Effects
      - 1. Acute effects
      - 2. Chronic effects
    - iv. Tolerance, Dependence, and Withdrawal
- VI. Psychotherapeutic Medications
  - a. Historical Overview
    - i. The Pre-Chlorpromazine Era
    - ii. The Age of Chlorpromazine
  - b. Epidemiology
  - c. Classes of Drugs and Their Actions
    - i. Antipsychotics

- ii. Antidepressants
- iii. Antianxiety Agents
- iv. Nonbenzodiazepine Treatment
- v. Mood-Stabilizing Drugs
- d. Psychotherapeutic Drugs and Pregnancy

## VII. Other Prescription and Over-the-Counter Drugs

- a. Prescription Drugs
  - i. Birth Control Drugs
  - ii. Anabolic Steroids
- b. Over-the-Counter Drugs
  - i. Analgesics
  - ii. Cold and Allergy Medications
  - iii. Stimulants and Sedatives
- c. Herbal Products, Hormones, and Dietary Supplements
  - i. Areca (Betel)
  - ii. Ephedra/Ma Huang
  - iii. Ginkgo Biloba
  - iv. Melatonin
  - v. St. John's Wort
  - vi. Valerian
- d. Inhalants

## VIII. Treatment of Substance Use Disorders

- a. Models of Substance Use Disorders
  - i. Five Model Categories
  - ii. Biopsychosocial Model
- b. Change without Formal Treatment
- c. Self-Help Groups
  - i. Alcoholics Anonymous
  - ii. Other Self-Help Groups
- d. Professional Treatment: Assessment and Goals
  - i. Abstinence or Moderation?
  - ii. Harm Reduction
- e. Alcohol Treatment Settings and Services
  - i. Types of Settings and Services
  - ii. Pharmacological Treatment
  - iii. Effectiveness of Alcohol Treatment
  - iv. Nonpharmacological Professional Treatment
  - v. Self-Help Treatment
  - vi. Effectiveness of Pharmacological Treatments
- f. Other Drug Treatment Settings and Services
  - i. Treatment of Nonopiate Drug Abusers
  - ii. Pharmacotherapy of Other Drug Problems
  - iii. Effectiveness of Drug Treatment
  - iv. Nonpharmacological Professional Treatment
  - v. Self-Help Treatment
  - vi. Pharmacological Treatments
  - vii. Promising Treatment Techniques
- g. Special Topics in Alcohol and Drug Treatment
  - i. Treatment of the Polysubstance Abuser

- ii. Treatment of Dual-Diagnosis Patients
  - iii. Relapse
- IX. Prevention of Substance Abuse
  - a. Defining Prevention
  - b. Models of Prevention
    - i. Sociocultural Model
    - ii. Distribution of Consumption Model
    - iii. Proscriptive Model
  - c. Principles of Drug Abuse Prevention
  - d. Current Topics in Prevention
    - i. Education and Mass Media Efforts
    - ii. Affect-Oriented Programs
    - iii. Alternative Behaviors and Resistance-Skills Training
    - iv. Temperament-Based Interventions
    - v. Worksite Programs
    - vi. Programs for College Students

## **APPENDIX D**

### **Outcomes and Measures for PSYC 3395 – Psychology of Substance Abuse**

#### **Learning Outcomes**

1. Discuss historical, legal, social, and cultural impacts of substance abuse.
2. Critique methods to prevent and treat substance abuse on an individual, family and societal level.
3. Demonstrate knowledge of therapeutic techniques for treating substance abuse and their theoretical underpinnings
4. Compare various classes of licit and illicit drugs in terms of effects; prevalence of use and abuse; tolerance, withdrawal and dependence; and treatment.
5. Prepare an individual presentation on an approved substance abuse topic.

#### **Measures and Assessment**

Learning outcomes will be assessed by discussion activities (in-class and online); article critiques; standard exam questions which may be multiple choice, matching, fill-in-the-blank, short answer, or essay; and a final presentation.

## APPENDIX E

### Course Number Approval for PSYC 3395 – Psychology of Substance Abuse

Professor Moore—

The course number that you requested is available. Please see confirmation below. Please let me know if you have any questions. Sincerely,

*Lori Schoonmaker*, M.A.

Associate Registrar/PDSO

**From:** Ransom, Laura

**Sent:** Tuesday, October 30, 2018 1:52 PM

**To:** FSU Office of the Registrar <[registrar@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:registrar@fairmontstate.edu)>

**Subject:** RE: Course Number availability

Hi!

It's available.

Laura

**From:** FSU Office of the Registrar

**Sent:** Tuesday, October 30, 2018 1:24 PM

**To:** Ransom, Laura <[lransom@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:lransom@fairmontstate.edu)>

**Subject:** FW: Course Number availability

Could you check this for me?

Thanks!

Lori

**From:** Moore, Zachariah

**Sent:** Tuesday, October 30, 2018 9:48 AM

**To:** FSU Office of the Registrar <[registrar@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:registrar@fairmontstate.edu)>

**Subject:** Course Number availability

Hello,

Could you please check the availability of the course number **PSYC 3395** to be used in a new course proposal? Thank you for your time and support. Best,

Zach Moore, PhD

Assistant Professor of Psychology

Fairmont State University





Office of the Provost and Vice President for  
Academic Affairs

1201 Locust Avenue • Fairmont, West Virginia 26554  
Phone: (304) 367-4101 • Fax: (304) 367-4902  
[Richard.Harvey@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:Richard.Harvey@fairmontstate.edu) • [fairmontstate.edu](http://fairmontstate.edu)

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**MEMORANDUM**

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TO: Faculty Senate

FROM: Dr. Richard Harvey

DATE: January 9, 2019

SUBJECT: Curriculum Proposal #18-19-2  
Science and Technology/BCG/Forensic Science

I recommend approval of the attached Curriculum Proposal 18-19-2. The Forensic Science curriculum is being revised to include new forensic focused specialization courses (Human Osteology FORS 3301, Forensic Anthropology FORS 3305, Forensic Toxicology FORS 3310, Forensic Taphonomy FORS 3225, and Fingerprint Analysis FORS 3215). These courses will give students forensic specific specialization electives. These courses will allow us to grow our Forensic Science Program and to give our students more relevant forensic science electives. See Appendix D.

cc: Susan Ross  
Steve Roof  
Mark Flood  
Kristy Henson  
Laura Ransom  
Cheri Gonzalez  
Lori Schoonmaker



**CURRICULUM PROPOSAL** (Submit one hard copy and an electronic copy to the Associate Provost by the second Tuesday of the month.)

**Proposal Number:** 18-19-2

**School/Department/Program:** Science and Technology/BCG/Forensic Science

**Preparer/Contact Person:** Mark Flood & Kristy Henson

**Telephone Extension:** x4309 / x4877

**Date Originally Submitted:** Oct. 2018

**Revision (Indicate date and label it  
Revision #1, #2, etc.):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Implementation Date Requested:** Fall 2019

- I. **PROPOSAL.** Write a brief abstract, not exceeding 100 words, which describes the overall content of the proposal.

The Forensic Science curriculum is being revised to include new forensic focused specialization courses (Human Osteology FORS 3301, Forensic Anthropology FORS 3305, Forensic Toxicology FORS 3310, Forensic Taphonomy FORS 3225, and Fingerprint Analysis FORS 3215). These courses will give students forensic specific specialization electives. These courses will allow us to grow our Forensic Science Program and to give our students more relevant forensic science electives. See Appendix D.

- II. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL.** Provide a response for each letter, A-H, and for each Roman Numeral II–V. If any section does not apply to your proposal, reply N/A.

A. Deletion of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

1. B.S. Forensic Science deletions from requirements:

Remove elective options:	Any BIOL above 3000	
	BIOL 2224	Microbiology 4
	BIOL 4420	Developmental Biology 4

Total hours deleted. 0

B. Addition of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

1. B.S. Forensic Science additions: these will all be options for specialization elective category

FORS 3301 Human Osteology	(4)
FORS 3305 Forensic Anthropology	(4)
FORS 3310 Forensic Toxicology	(4)
FORS 3225 Forensic Taphonomy	(2)
FORS 3215 Fingerprint Analysis	(2)

Total hours added. 0

C. Provision for interchangeable use of course(s) with program(s)

Not applicable.

D. Revision of course content. Include, as an appendix, a revised course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the university catalog.

Revised catalog course descriptions for all the courses shown in the table in Appendix B and course outline is included in Appendix C. **FORS 2225 Trace Evidence and Microscopy.**

E. Other changes to existing courses such as changes to title, course number, and elective or required status.

Name change: FORS 2225 Forensic Microscopy and Spectroscopy (3) to **FORS 2225 Trace Evidence and Microscopy.** See Appendix C #1.

F. Creation of new course(s). For each new course

1. Designate the course number, title, units of credit, prerequisites (if any), ownership (FSU, PC&TC, or shared) and specify its status as an elective or required course. If you are creating a shared course, attach a memo from the Deans of the affected Schools explaining the rationale for the course being shared.

Number	Course Title	Credits	Prerequisites	Ownership	Status
FORS 3301	Human Osteology	4	BIOL 1106 with a C or higher	FSU	Elective
FORS 3305	Forensic Anthropology	4	FORS 3200 with a C or higher	FSU	Elective
FORS 3310	Forensic Toxicology	4	FORS 3200 with a C or higher	FSU	Elective
FORS 3225	Forensic Taphonomy	2	FORS 3200 with a C or higher	FSU	Elective
FORS 3215	Fingerprint Analysis	2	FORS 3200 with a C or higher	FSU	Elective

2. Include, as an appendix, a course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the college catalog.

**Appendix B** contains the catalog course descriptions for the proposed new courses.

3. Include, as an appendix, a detailed course outline consisting of at least two levels.

**Appendix C #2-6** contains the two-level course outlines for the proposed new courses.

4. In order to meet the requirements as outlined in Goal One of the Strategic Plan, please include Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment as an appendix. Examples are available upon request from the Chair of the Curriculum Committee.

**Appendix C** also contains the Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment for the proposed new courses.

- G. Attach an itemized summary of the present program(s) affected, if any, and of the proposed change(s).
1. Describe how this proposal affects the hours needed to complete this program. Specifically, what is the net gain or loss in hours? Use the format for Current and Proposed Programs in Appendix A.
  2. Include proof that this proposal meets the degree definition policy (Board of Governor's Policy #52) as part of the Proposed Program in Appendix A.
  3. Exceptions to the degree definition policy: As per policy #52, programs seeking exceptions to any of the maximum credit hour limits must submit formal requests to the Board of Governors for approval. Explain the rationale for the exception by documenting the existence of one or more of the criteria in paragraph 4.2.

**RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL.**

A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.

- The Forensic Science Program is making elective revisions based on course offerings at similar institutions, along with alumni feedback, and feedback of the Forensic Science program review. In order to compete with similar institutions we need to offer more direct forensic science courses, replacing biology and chemistry electives.
- There are currently 70 forensic science majors and each student is required to take a minimum of 8 specialization, elective hours. We hope to grow the major and reach 150 total majors in the next 3-5 years.

B. **Qualitative Assessment:** Based upon the assessment data above, indicate why a curricular change is justified. Indicate the expected results of the change. Be sure to include an estimate of the increased cost, or reduction in cost of implementation. FOR EXAMPLE: Will new faculty, facilities, equipment, or library materials be required?

- According to the past AAFS visit, we were lacking in forensic science specialized courses and full-time faculty members. When comparing to other accredited institutions we lack heavily in specialized forensic science courses. Four out of five of these courses are extremely cheap to run and can incorporate materials already present in the forensic science laboratory.
- Forensic Toxicology is the only course that will require additional purchases. The instrument that will be used in this course was purchased last year on an Instrumentation Grant which this department co-authored. Monetary needs to successfully run this course would include: lab supplies (reagents, chemicals, kits). Other monetary needs would go towards the chemistry faculty member assisting in developing laboratory methods. This could be met with release time.
- As the program grows, the forensic science budget should grow accordingly.
- The new courses will be offered every-other year until the program grows and demand increases. These courses will fit into the 12-hour faculty load with no faculty overload.

Example of when the course would be offered:

Courses	Offered
Human Osteology	Fall 2018, Fall 2020, etc.
Forensic Anthropology	Spring 2019, Spring 2021, etc.
Forensic Toxicology	Fall 2019, Fall 2021, etc.
Forensic Taphonomy	2 <sup>nd</sup> 8 weeks - Spring 2020, Spring 2022, etc.
Fingerprint Analysis	1 <sup>st</sup> 8 weeks - Spring 2020, Spring 2022, etc.

III.

Should this proposal affect any course or program in another school, a memo must be sent to the Dean of each school impacted and a copy of the memo(s) must be included with this proposal. In addition, the Deans of the affected schools must sign below to indicate their notification of this proposal.

By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

College/School	Dean	Signature
Science & Technology	Steven Paul	Steven Paul

IV. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.

No.

V. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.

## APPENDIX A

### B.S. Degree in Forensic Science Current Program

<b>Required Major Courses</b>		<b>HRS</b>
BIOL 1106	Biological Principles II	4
BIOL 3360	Biochemistry	4
BIOL 3380	Genetics	4
BIOL 3390	Molecular Biotechnology	4
CHEM 1105	Chemical Principles I	5
CHEM 2200	Foundational Biochemistry	4
CHEM 2201	Organic Chemistry I	4
CHEM 2202	Organic Chemistry II	4
CHEM 2205	Analytical Chemistry	4
CHEM 3315	Instrumental Analysis	4
FORS 2201	Introduction to Forensic Science	4
FORS 2225	Microscopy and Spectrometry	3
FORS 3200	Forensic Biology	4
FORS 3385	Research in Forensic Science	3
FORS 4401	Capstone Seminar in Forensic Science	3
FORS 4411	Forensic Science Internship	2
MATH 1113	Applied Statistics	3
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses</b>		<b>63</b>
Specialization Electives - 8 hours		
BIOL 2224	Microbiology	4
BIOL 4420	Developmental Biology	4
CHEM 3301	Physical Chemistry I	4
CHEM 3304	Inorganic Chemistry	4
CHEM 4404	Synthetic Methods and Materials	4
CHEM 4412	Physical Chemistry II	4
		<b>8</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR</b>		<b>72</b>

<b>Required and Recommended General Studies Courses</b>		
Attribute IA – Critical Analysis		3
	ENGL 1102 (required)	
Attribute IB – Quantitative Literacy		4
	MATH 1585 or 2501 (required)	
Attribute IC – Written Communication		3
	ENGL 1101 (required)	
Attribute ID – Teamwork		3
	CRIM 2295 (required)	
Attribute IE – Information Literacy		IA
	ENGL 1102 (required)	
Attribute IF – Technology Literacy		3
	TECH 1100	

Attribute IG – Oral Communication		3
	COMM 2200	
Attribute III - Citizenship		3
	POLI 1103	
Attribute IV - Ethics		ID
	CRIM 2295 (required)	
Attribute V - Health		3
	CRIM 2212	
Attribute VI - Interdisciplinary		III
	POLI 1103	
Attribute VIIA - Arts		3
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIB - Humanities		VIIA
	INTR 1120	
Attribute VIIC – Social Sciences		V
	CRIM 2212	
Attribute VIID - Natural Science		4-5
	PHYS 1101 or 1105 (required)	
Attribute VIII – Cultural Awareness		3
	Any course in VIII	
Additional General Studies hours		4-5
	PHYS 1102 and 1106 (required)	
Writing Intensive	BIOL 3390	X
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>39-41</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>7-9</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

B.S. Degree in Forensic Science  
Proposed Program

<b>Required Major Courses</b>		<b>HRS</b>
BIOL 1106	Biological Principles II	4
BIOL 3360	Biochemistry	4
BIOL 3380	Genetics	4
BIOL 3390	Molecular Biotechnology	4
CHEM 1105	Chemical Principles I	5
CHEM 2200	Foundational Biochemistry	4
CHEM 2201	Organic Chemistry I	4
CHEM 2202	Organic Chemistry II	4
CHEM 2205	Analytical Chemistry	4
CHEM 3315	Instrumental Analysis	4
FORS 2201	Introduction to Forensic Science	4
<b>FORS 2225</b>	<b>Trace Evidence and Microscopy</b>	<b>3</b>
FORS 3200	Forensic Biology	4
FORS 3385	Research in Forensic Science	3
FORS 4401	Capstone Seminar in Forensic Science	3
FORS 4411	Forensic Science Internship	2
MATH 1113	Applied Statistics	3
<b>TOTAL Required Major Courses</b>		<b>63</b>
Specialization Electives - 8 hours		
CHEM 3301	Physical Chemistry I	4
CHEM 3304	Inorganic Chemistry	4
CHEM 4404	Synthetic Methods and Materials	4
CHEM 4412	Physical Chemistry II	4
<b>FORS 3301</b>	<b>Human Osteology</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>FORS 3305</b>	<b>Forensic Anthropology</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>FORS 3310</b>	<b>Forensic Toxicology</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>FORS 3225</b>	<b>Forensic Taphonomy</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>FORS 3215</b>	<b>Fingerprint Analysis</b>	<b>2</b>
		<b>8</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MAJOR</b>		<b>71</b>

<b>Required and Recommended General Studies Courses</b>		
Attribute IA – Critical Analysis		3
	ENGL 1102 (required)	
Attribute IB – Quantitative Literacy		4
	MATH 1585 or 2501 (required)	
Attribute IC – Written Communication		3
	ENGL 1101 (required)	
Attribute ID – Teamwork		3
	CRIM 2295 (required)	
Attribute IE – Information Literacy		IA
	ENGL 1102 (required)	
Attribute IF – Technology Literacy		3
	TECH 1100	
Attribute IG – Oral Communication		3



	COMM 2200	
Attribute III - Citizenship		3
	POLI 1103	
Attribute IV - Ethics		ID
	CRIM 2295 (required)	
Attribute V - Health		3
	CRIM 2212	
Attribute VI - Interdisciplinary		III
	POLI 1103	
Attribute VIIA - Arts		3
	Any course in VIII	
Attribute VIIB - Humanities		3
	History or Literature that also counts for attribute VIII	
Attribute VIIC – Social Sciences		V
	CRIM 2212	
Attribute VIID - Natural Science		4-5
	PHYS 1101 or 1105 (required)	
Attribute VIII – Cultural Awareness		VIIB
	History or Literature that also counts for attribute VIIB	
Additional General Studies hours		4-5
	PHYS 1102 and 1106 (required)	
Writing Intensive	BIOL 3390	X
<b>TOTAL GENERAL STUDIES HOURS</b>		<b>39-41</b>
<b>TOTAL FREE ELECTIVES</b>		<b>8-10</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>120</b>

## Appendix B. Course Descriptions for Existing and Revised/New Courses

Old Catalog Course Description	New Catalog Course Description
	<p>FORS 3301 Human Osteology. 4 hours. This course introduces methods and concepts used to analyze human skeletal remains in forensic and archaeological contexts. Osteology is a hands-on course providing a basis for advanced studies such as: comparative anatomy, forensic anthropology, bioarchaeology, paleoanthropology, and gross anatomy. Students will learn standard osteological analyses using real human remains. The course will consist of hands-on lectures and mostly independent laboratory activities. In this course students will learn: 1) how to identify whole and fragmentary human skeletal remains, 2) how to distinguish between human and non-human bone, and 3) how to estimate age, sex, ancestry, and stature of an individual. PR: BIOL 1106 with a C or higher</p>
	<p>FORS 3305 Forensic Anthropology. 4 hours. This course provides a broad overview of the sub-discipline forensic anthropology. Forensic anthropology applies human osteology to a legal setting. In this course students will build on previously learned human osteology by applying it to scenarios such as, mass disasters, human rights, and trauma. Students will learn how to differentiate between comingled remains and fragmentary remains. This course will also give a brief overview of human decomposition as it leads to skeletal identification and time since death. This course will consist of hands-on laboratory activities. PR: FORS 3200 with a C or higher.</p>
	<p>FORS 3225 Forensic Taphonomy 2 hours. This course looks into human taphonomy with an emphasis on forensics. We will focus on the process of decomposition, burial, and re-exposure of individuals. This course will look at how taphonomy alters evidence during forensic investigations. This is an 8 week course. PR: FORS 3200 with a C or higher.</p>
<p>FORS 2225 Forensic Microscopy &amp; Spectroscopy. 3 hrs. This course is an introduction to the microscopy and spectroscopic techniques employed by forensic scientists to analyze trace evidence including hairs, fibers, paint chips, glass fragments, etc. The course will consist of two hours of classroom instruction and two hours of laboratory each week. PR: CHEM 2200 and MATH 1115 or higher. Spring semester of even years.</p>	<p>FORS 2225 Trace Evidence and Microscopy. 3 hours This course is designed to teach students how to properly evaluate and compare impression evidence, and apply forensic microscopy of unknown materials. Students will analyze various hair, fibers, glass, paint, and soil using microanalysis. This course is hands-on providing extensive experience with microanalysis. PR: CHEM 2200 and MATH 1540 or higher. Spring semester of even years.</p>
	<p>FORS 3310 Forensic Toxicology. 4 hours. This course focuses on aspects of drug chemistry with an emphasis in forensics. Students will learn standard analytical testing techniques. This course will also focus on how forensic toxicology relates to pharmacokinetics and metabolism, drug abuse, postmortem toxicology, and driving under the influence of alcohol and drugs. We will address mechanisms of drugs and toxins with their physiological and pathological consequences. PR: CHEM 2200, FORS 3200 with a C or higher.</p>

<p>FORS 3215 Fingerprint Analysis. 2 hours. Fingerprints play a large role in forensic science. In this course we explore different techniques and methods to capture and analyze fingerprints. Students will learn advanced techniques in latent fingerprints, lifting fingerprints, and preparation of fingerprints in a forensic setting. We will also discuss factors that may affect fingerprint analysis. PR: FORS 3200 with a C or better or permission.</p>
---

## Appendix C. Course Descriptions, Outlines and Outcomes for New and Revised Courses

### 1. FORS 2225 Trace Evidence and Microscopy

- I. Microscope maintenance
- II. Stereomicroscope
  - a. Familiarization with the stereomicroscope
- III. Compound light microscope
  - a. Familiarization with the compound light microscope
  - b. Measurements using the ocular micrometer
  - c. Microscopic mounting techniques
  - d. Determining refractive index
- IV. Polarized light microscope
  - a. Familiarization with the polarized light microscope
  - b. Determining refractive index of anisotropic materials
  - c. Determining birefringence and sign of elongation
- V. Fluorescence microscope
  - a. Familiarization with the fluorescence microscope
- VI. Phase contrast microscope
  - a. Familiarization with phase contrast microscope
- VII. Physical match examinations
- VIII. Construction examinations of evidence
- IX. Lamp filament examination
- X. Fingerprint examinations and comparison
- XI. Tool mark examination
- XII. Firearm examination
  - a. Firearms
  - b. Gunshot residue
- XIII. Shoe and tire print/impression examination
- XIV. Botanical examinations
- XV. Paint examinations
- XVI. Hair examinations
  - a. Hair
  - b. Animal hair
  - c. Determination of racial and somatic origin characteristics of human hair
  - d. Human hair examinations and comparisons
  - e. Evaluation of human hair for DNA
- XVII. Glass examination
  - a. Glass
  - b. Glass breakage determinations
- XVIII. Fiber examination
  - a. Textile fibers
  - b. Natural fibers
  - c. Man-made fiber
  - d. Fiber comparison
- XIX. Soil examination
  - a. Soil
  - b. Identification of minerals in soil
- XX. Microchemical testing – inorganic ions
- XXI. Microscopic analysis of controlled substances
- XXII. Semen examinations

# Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

## LEARNING outcomes for Trace Evidence and Microscopy

1. Demonstrate basic microscope maintenance and proper use techniques.
2. Discuss types of objects and demonstrate proper examinations.
3. Demonstrate successful analysis of trace materials.
4. Differentiate between trace materials (fingerprint, tool, firearm, shoe, tire, botanical, paint, hair, glass, fiber, and soil).
5. Defend trace analysis and matching materials in a court room setting.

## Assessment for lecture/discussion/lab LEARNING outcomes

Learning outcomes will be assessed by standard exam and quiz questions that are multiple choice or matching or essay format. Other objectives will be tested by lab practicals. 1.1 Broad Knowledge and 2.1 Graduate Competitiveness.

### 1. FORS 3301 Human Osteology

#### XXIII. Introduction

- a. Introduction to human osteology
  - i. Watch video about Dr. William Bass and the creation of the first ever Body Garden and its importance in forensic anthropology.
- b. Sub-fields of osteology
  - i. Forensic osteology
  - ii. Paleoanthropology
  - iii. Archaeology
    1. bioarchaeology
- c. Information gained from skeletal morphology
  - i. Environment
  - ii. Populations
  - iii. Cultural behaviors
  - iv. Evolutionary history
  - v. Age, sex, stature, diet, ancestry, and pathology of an individual
- d. Differentiating between human and non-human remains
  - i. Quadruped long bones
  - ii. Biped long bones
    1. Give example of local business owners reaching out to determine if bones discovered were animal or human and how hard/easy it is to distinguish.
- e. Differentiating between multiple human remains
  - i. How many individuals
  - ii. What you can gain from fragmentary remains
  - iii. How to distinguish between multiple individuals

#### XXIV. Anatomical language

- a. Anatomical position
- b. Cranial & post cranial
- c. Axial & appendicular
- d. Plans & sections
  - i. Coronal
  - ii. Frontal
  - iii. Sagittal
  - iv. Cross
  - v. Longitudinal
  - vi. Oblique

- e. Directional terminology
  - i. Body
    1. Anterior/posterior
    2. Cranial/caudal
    3. Medial/lateral
    4. Proximal/distal
    5. Palmar/dorsal
    6. Plantar/dorsal
  - ii. Teeth
    1. Distal/mesial
    2. Buccal/lingual
- f. Anatomical regions
- g. Joint movement
  - i. Flexion/extension/hyperextension
  - ii. Abduction/adduction
  - iii. Circumduction
  - iv. Medial/lateral rotation
  - v. Elevation/depression
  - vi. Dorsiflexion/plantar flexion
  - vii. Inversion/eversion
  - viii. Radial deviation/ulnar deviation
  - ix. Supination/pronation
    1. Joint movement corresponds with a lab activity using a goniometer to test joint range-of-motion of class and compares it to the average. Use real tools common in a PT clinic, AT clinic, or other Sport's medicine facility.
- h. General meaning of words and how it affects skeletal feature

XXV. Ethics in osteology

- a. Ethics
  - i. Define
  - ii. Components of ethics
    1. Legal
    2. Political
    3. Societal
    4. Economical
    5. Expert Witnessing
  - iii. Common ethical issues
    1. NAGPRA
    2. Australian Aborigines
    3. Orthodox Jews
    4. African Americans
  - iv. Caring for the dead
    1. Religious
    2. Cultural
  - v. Discuss potential solutions to ethical issues studying human remains have
    1. 3D scanning
    2. Racial repayment
    3. Only that ethnicity working with remains
    4. Etc.

XXVI. Bone Biology and Variation

- a. Skeletal system
  - i. Function & structure

- b. Blood formation
  - i. Red bone marrow
  - ii. Yellow bone marrow
  - iii. WBC
  - iv. RBC
- c. Skeletal ontogeny
- d. Skeletal morphology & high amounts of variation
  - i. Every skeleton is unique
  - ii. Sexual dimorphism
  - iii. Population variation
  - iv. Idiosyncratic variation
- e. Bone materials
  - i. Collagen
  - ii. Hydroxyapatite
  - iii. Periosteum
  - iv. Collagen
- f. Bones as levers to the muscular system
  - i. 1,2,3 levers
  - ii. Joints
    - 1. Tendon vs ligament
  - iii. Types of joints
    - 1. Fibrous
      - a. Syndesmoses
      - b. Gomphosis
      - c. Synostosis
    - 2. Cartilaginous
      - a. Synchronoses
      - b. Symphysis
    - 3. Synovial
      - a. Pivot
      - b. Ball and socket
      - c. Hinge
      - d. Condylloid
      - e. Saddle
      - f. Plane
  - iv. Origin/insertion
    - 1. Agonist/antagonist
- g. Gross anatomy of bone
  - i. Cortical/trabecular
    - 1. Endosteal surface
    - 2. Periosteal surface
    - 3. Medullary cavity
- h. Ontogeny
  - i. Diaphysis
  - ii. Osteogenic tissue
  - iii. Metaphysis
  - iv. Epiphyses
    - 1. Epiphyseal plate
    - 2. Epiphyseal line
    - 3. Pseudo-epiphysis
- i. Skeletal histology

- i. Differentiate between mature and immature bone
  - ii. Secondary osteons
  - iii. Haversian canal
  - iv. Volkmann's canal
  - v. Lacunae
  - vi. Osteoblasts
  - vii. Osteoclasts
- j. Osteogenesis
  - i. Intramembranous ossification
  - ii. Endochondral ossification
  - iii. Medical issues- osteogenesis imperfecta
- k. Bone repair
  - i. Callus
  - ii. Primary bony callus
  - iii. Compact bone
  - iv. Medical issue- fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)

XXVII. Skull & Teeth

- a. 20 bones of the skull
  - i. Articulated & disarticulated
    - 1. Cranial bones
    - 2. Facial bones
    - 3. Wormian bones
    - 4. Inca bone
    - 5. All bony landmarks
    - 6. Siding
    - 7. Age
    - 8. Sex
    - 9. Stature
    - 10. Ancestry
- b. Bone growth
  - i. Skull bones
  - ii. Suture fusion
  - iii. Teeth
    - 1. Deciduous
    - 2. Adult
- c. Craniometric & odontometrics
- d. Dental form and function
  - i. Dental terminology
  - ii. Dental formula
    - 1. 2:1:2:3/2:1:2:3
  - iii. Tooth anatomy
- e. Medical issues
  - i. Cavities
  - ii. Infections
  - iii. Braces
  - iv. Concussions
  - v. Early skull fusion

XXVIII. Hyoid and vertebrae

- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
  - 1. Age
  - 2. Sex



- 3. Stature
- 4. Ancestry
- b. Bone growth
- c. Function of vertebrae and hyoid
- d. Joints
- e. Medical
  - i. Scoliosis
  - ii. Lordosis
  - iii. Hyoid fracture
  - iv. Spinal injuries
  - v. Disk problems

XXIX. Thorax: sternum and ribs

- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
  - 1. Age
  - 2. Sex
  - 3. Stature
  - 4. Ancestry
- b. Bone growth
- c. Siding
- d. Function and purpose
- e. Joints
- f. Medical
  - i. CPR
  - ii. Rib fracture

XXX. Shoulder girdle

- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
  - 1. Age
  - 2. Sex
  - 3. Stature
  - 4. Ancestry
- b. Bone growth
- c. Siding
- d. Joints
- e. Medical
  - i. Rotator cuff

XXXI. Arm

- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
  - 1. Age
  - 2. Sex
  - 3. Stature
  - 4. Ancestry
- b. Bone growth
- c. Siding
- d. Joints
- e. Medical
  - i. Fractures
  - ii. Tennis elbow

XXXII. Hand

- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
  - 1. Age
  - 2. Sex

- 3. Stature
      - 4. Ancestry
    - b. Bone growth
    - c. Joints
    - d. Medical
      - i. Carpal tunnel
      - ii. Arthritis
- XXXIII. Pelvis
- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
    - 1. Age
    - 2. Sex
    - 3. Stature
    - 4. Ancestry
  - b. Bone growth
  - c. Siding
  - d. Joints
  - e. Medical
    - i. Hip dysplasia
    - ii. Arthritis
    - iii. Hip dislocation
    - iv. Coccyx fracture
    - v. Human 'tail'
    - vi. Hip replacement
- XXXIV. Leg
- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
    - 1. Age
    - 2. Sex
    - 3. Stature
    - 4. Ancestry
  - b. Bone growth
  - c. Siding
  - d. Joints
  - e. Medical
    - i. Knee replacement
    - ii. Athletic injuries
- XXXV. Foot
- a. Disarticulated and articulated bones
    - 1. Age
    - 2. Sex
    - 3. Stature
    - 4. Ancestry
  - b. Bone growth
  - c. Joints
  - d. Medical
    - i. Sprained ankle
    - ii. Bipedal
    - iii. Broken foot
- XXXVI. Biomechanics
- a. Muscular attachments and movements
  - b. Walking, running
  - c. Medical

- i. How to tell if someone has a bone condition based on gait
  - ii. Athletic effects on skeleton
- XXXVII. Field procedures for skeletal remains
  - a. How to excavate human remains
    - i. Document
    - ii. Photo
    - iii. Sketch
    - iv. Bag
    - v. Clean
    - vi. Label
    - vii. Analyze
  - b. Common archeological tools
- XXXVIII. Laboratory procedures and reports
  - a. Clean
  - b. Stabilize/repair broken bones
  - c. Prepare skeletons for analysis
  - d. Difference between fossil and skeletal
  - e. Restoration
    - i. CT
    - ii. MRI
    - iii. 3D scan
    - iv. 3D print
  - f. Use standard osteometric tools
    - i. Calipers
    - ii. Osteometric board
    - iii. Mandibulometer
    - iv. Spreading calipers
  - g. Students will conduct osteological analyses on a set of skeletal remains and file these reports
- XXXIX. Pathology
  - a. Antemortem
  - b. Postmortem
  - c. Perimortem
  - d. Paleoepidemiology
  - e. Paleopathology
  - f. Fracture
  - g. Dislocation
  - h. Artificial deformities
    - i. Trephining
    - ii. Skull binding
  - i. Skeletal disorders
    - i. Cranial
    - ii. Vertebral
    - iii. Circulatory
    - iv. Osteoarthritis
    - v. Infectious disease
    - vi. Metabolic disease
    - vii. Endocrine disorders
    - viii. Periodontal disease
- XL. Postmortem skeletal modifications
  - a. Taphonomy
  - b. Antemortem

- c. Bone fracture
- d. Chemistry
- e. Weather
- f. Human vs non-human
- g. Scavenging
- h. Human bone modification
  - i. Cuts, chops, gun, scraps

## Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

### **LEARNING outcomes for Osteology**

1. Utilize methods for advanced and accurate skeletal identification. I.e.: siding, age, sex, ancestry, height.
2. Distinguish between human and non-human remains.
3. Discuss the accepted theory of the nature and origin of diversity between human populations and how these are affected by cultural practices.
4. Analyze biomechanical functions of the skeletal system of living and non-living individuals.
5. Execute proper handling and respect when working with human skeletal remains.

### **Assessment for lecture/discussion/lab LEARNING outcomes**

Learning outcomes will be assessed by standard exam and quiz questions that are multiple choice or matching or essay format. Other objectives will be tested by lab practicals. Students are responsible for conducting an in-class research project that will overlap with all concepts learned throughout the semester. This resulting project will end with a scientific poster and presentation to the class. – This ties into the overarching program outcomes: 3.1 Written Expression and 4.1 Oral Expression.

## **2. FORS 3305 – Forensic Anthropology**

### Introduction to Forensic Anthropology Course Outline

#### XLI. Introduction

- a. What is Forensic anthropology?
- b. History of Forensic Science
  - i. Thomas Dwight- father of forensic anthropology
  - ii. Wilton Marion- wrote FBI manual on skeletal identification
  - iii. William Bass, Ellis Kerley, Clyde Snow- Body farm
- c. Medicolegal
  - i. Define
- d. Forensic anthropology protocol
  - i. Are they human?
  - ii. How many individuals?
  - iii. When was death?
  - iv. How old?
  - v. Sex, race, stature?
  - vi. Anatomical anomalies?
  - vii. COD?
  - viii. Manner of death?
- e. Anthroposcopy
  - i. Osteometry

- ii. Standard osteometric tools
- iii. Contemporary/noncontemporary remains
- iv. Regression for skeletal data

XLII. Basics of human osteology and odontology

- a. Anatomical language
  - i. Anatomical position
  - ii. Cranial & post cranial
  - iii. Axial & appendicular
  - iv. Plans & sections
    - 1. Coronal
    - 2. Frontal
    - 3. Sagittal
    - 4. Cross
    - 5. Longitudinal
    - 6. Oblique
  - v. Directional terminology
    - 1. Body
      - a. Anterior/posterior
      - b. Cranial/caudal
      - c. Medial/lateral
      - d. Proximal/distal
      - e. Palmar/dorsal
      - f. Plantar/dorsal
    - 2. Teeth
      - a. Distal/mesial
      - b. Buccal/lingual
- b. Skeleton
  - i. All bones and landmarks
  - ii. Histology

XLIII. Medicolegal significance

- a. What is medicolegal?
- b. Distinguishing bone and teeth from other materials
  - i. Human and non-human
  - ii. Residue
  - iii. Ash
    - 1. Histological differences in each
- c. Distinguishing bone maturity
  - i. Human vs non-human
  - ii. Morphology of human vs non-human
- d. State of preservation
  - i. Color
  - ii. Texture
  - iii. Hydration
  - iv. Weight
  - v. Condition
  - vi. Fragility
  - vii. Soft tissue
- e. Body modifications
  - i. Personal belongings
- f. Condition of interment
  - i. graves

- XLIV. Recovery scene methods
  - a. Issues
    - i. Police and the forensic anthropologist
  - b. Locating the remains
    - i. GPR
    - ii. Magnetometer
    - iii. Visual assessment
  - c. Searching for remains
    - i. Soil compaction
  - d. Searching for associated materials
    - i. Search patterns
    - ii. Mapping
  - e. Datum point
    - i. Quadrates
    - ii. Rough sketch
    - iii. Final sketch
  - f. Grave excavation
    - i. Common tools
    - ii. Excavating and documenting
    - iii. Collecting remains
      - 1. Labeling
      - 2. Chain of custody
  - g. Mass disasters
    - i. Personnel
    - ii. Locating, mapping, collecting
    - iii. Temporary morgue
    - iv. Victim information
    - v. DMORT
  - h. Genocide investigation
    - i. Field conditions
    - ii. Excavating mass graves

- XLV. Postmortem interval
  - a. Forensic taphonomy
  - b. Postmortem interval PMI
  - c. Decomposition
    - i. Autolysis
    - ii. Putrefaction
    - iii. Adipocere
    - iv. Mummification
    - v. Skeletonization
  - d. Surface finds
    - i. Climate
      - 1. Hot/dry
      - 2. Warm/moist
      - 3. Cold
    - ii. Buried
    - iii. Submerged
    - iv. Body score
  - e. Animal scavenging
    - i. Stages of scavenging
  - f. Forensic entomology

- g. Forensic botany
- h. Chemical analysis

XLVI. Treatment and examination

- a. Forensic anthropology laboratory
- b. Preparing remains
- c. Examination
  - i. Removal of soft tissue
  - ii. Disarticulation
  - iii. Reconstruction
  - iv. Sorting
  - v. Reassembly
- d. Inventorying
  - i. Standard osteological analysis
- e. Fragmented remains
  - i. MNI- minimum number of individuals
  - ii. GIS- geographic information system

XLVII. Ancestry

- a. Cultural affiliation
  - i. NAGPRA
- b. Ethnicity/race
- c. Anthroposcopic traits
  - i. Eyes
  - ii. Nose
  - iii. Maxilla
  - iv. Face
  - v. Vault
  - vi. Jaw/teeth
  - vii. Frequency of traits
- d. Osteometric traits
  - i. Direct measurements
    - 1. Long bones
    - 2. Skull
- e. Other ancestral characteristics
  - i. Mandible
  - ii. Hair
- f. Genetics
  - i. Blood types
  - ii. DNA
    - 1. Ancestry Informative markers (AIMS)

XLVIII. Sex

- a. Pelvis
- b. Anthroposcopic traits
  - i. Pelvis
  - ii. Skull
  - iii. Mandible
  - iv. Sacrum
- c. Osteometric traits
- d. Subadults

XLIX. Age at death

- a. Subadults
  - i. Epiphyses

- ii. Diaphysis
      - iii. Long bone length
      - iv. Primary and secondary ossification centers
        - 1. Epiphyseal union
      - v. Deciduous teeth
        - 1. Tooth eruption
      - vi. Skull fusion
    - b. Adults
      - i. Symphyseal surface
        - 1. Pubic symphysis
        - 2. Os coxae auricular surface
        - 3. Ribs
        - 4. Sutures
- L. Stature
  - a. Long bones
    - i. Various formulas for each bone and ethnicity
    - ii. Partial long bone formula
- LI. Death, trauma, and the skeleton
  - a. Define trauma
  - b. Cause and manner of death
  - c. Basic bone trauma
    - i. Fractures
      - 1. Complete
      - 2. Incomplete
      - 3. Hinge
      - 4. Greenstick
      - 5. Displacement
      - 6. Simple
      - 7. Comminuted
      - 8. Hoop
      - 9. Radiating
      - 10. Pathological
      - 11. Stress
      - 12. Fatigue
  - d. Characteristics of force trauma
    - i. Direction
    - ii. Tension
    - iii. Compression
    - iv. Torsion
    - v. Shearing
    - vi. Speed
    - vii. Focus
  - e. Types of trauma
    - i. Blunt
    - ii. Sharp
    - iii. Projectile
    - iv. Miscellaneous
  - f. Timing of bone injury
    - i. Antemortem
    - ii. Perimortem
    - iii. Postmortem



- LII. Projectile trauma
  - a. Ammunition & firearms
    - i. Caliber
    - ii. Gauge
    - iii. Pellets
    - iv. Bullet construction
      - 1. Hollow
      - 2. Full-metal
      - 3. Semijacket
  - b. Velocity
    - i. Calculating velocity
    - ii. Rifling
    - iii. Entry wound
    - iv. Exit wound
  - c. Bullets on bone
  - d. Wound beveling
    - i. Inward beveling
    - ii. Beveling
    - iii. Outward beveling
    - iv. Reverse beveling
  - e. Wound shape
    - i. Round
    - ii. Oval
    - iii. Keyhole
    - iv. Irregular
    - v. Fracture lines
      - 1. Radiating
      - 2. Concentric
      - 3. Butterfly
  - f. Bullet wound analysis
    - i. Description
    - ii. Caliber
    - iii. Bullet construction
    - iv. Velocity
    - v. Direction of fire
    - vi. Sequence
  - g. Pellet wound analysis
    - i. Misc projectiles
  - h. Determining cause & manner of death
- LIII. Blunt trauma
  - a. Size
    - i. Length x width
  - b. Shape
    - i. Round
    - ii. Angular
  - c. Weight
    - i. Heavy vs light objects
  - d. Fractures
    - i. Bow
    - ii. Plastic
    - iii. Bruise

- iv. Occult intraosseous
- v. Torus/buckling
- vi. Greenstick
- vii. Toddler's
- viii. Vertical
- ix. Depressed
- x. Complete fractures
  - 1. Transverse fracture
  - 2. Oblique fracture
  - 3. Spiral fracture
  - 4. Comminuted fracture
  - 5. Epiphyseal fracture
- e. Effects of BFT
  - i. Outbending
  - ii. Inbending
    - 1. Skull
  - iii. Buttresses
    - 1. Alveolar ridge
    - 2. Malar eminences
    - 3. Nasofrontal process
    - 4. LeFort fracture
      - a. LeFort 1
      - b. LeFort 2
      - c. LeFort 3
    - 5. Midfrontal
    - 6. Midoccipital
    - 7. Posterior temporal
    - 8. Anterior temporal
  - iv. Ring fracture
  - v. Long bones
  - vi. Other bones
- f. Wound analysis
  - i. Description
    - 1. Size
    - 2. Shape
    - 3. Direction
    - 4. Energy
    - 5. Number of blows
    - 6. Sequence
    - 7. Misc analysis
    - 8. Cause & manner of death

LIV. Sharp and miscellaneous trauma

- a. Sharp trauma
  - i. Wastage
  - ii. Effects of sharp trauma
    - 1. Puncture
    - 2. Incisions
    - 3. Characteristics
    - 4. Clefts
  - iii. Wound analysis
    - 1. Description

- 2. Instrument characteristics
      - 3. Force
      - 4. Number of traumatic events
      - 5. Sequence
    - b. Blast trauma
    - c. Strangulation
      - i. Hanging
      - ii. Ligature
      - iii. Manual
        - 1. Hyoid
          - a. Mature
          - b. Immature
    - d. Chemical trauma
    - e. Cause and manner of death
- LV. Antemortem skeletal conditions
  - a. Accessory ossicle
    - i. Accessory foramen
    - ii. Foramen of Huschke
    - iii. Septal aperture
  - b. Skeletal anomalies
    - i. Wormian bones
    - ii. Epipteric bone
    - iii. Japonium
    - iv. Metopism
    - v. Spondylolysis
    - vi. Spina bifida
    - vii. Bipartite patella
    - viii. Congenital pseudoarthrosis
    - ix. Persistent ulna styloid ossicle
    - x. Os trigonum
  - c. Markers of occupational stress
    - i. Hypertrophy
    - ii. Insertion of muscles
    - iii. Osteophytosis
    - iv. Facets
    - v. Grooves
    - vi. Deformations
    - vii. Accessory bones
  - d. Pathological conditions
    - i. Osteolytic disease
    - ii. Osteoproliferative lesions
    - iii. Rickets
    - iv. Lytic lesions
      - 1. Anemia
      - 2. Porotic hyperstosis
      - 3. Schmorl's nodes
    - v. Proliferative lesions
      - 1. Osteophytes
      - 2. Generalized bone disease
      - 3. Button osteoma
    - vi. Deformative lesions

1. Wedging
  2. Osteomalacia
  3. Kyphosis
- e. Misc anomalies
- i. Trephination
  - ii. Trauma-induced pseudoarthrosis

LVI. Postmortem changes to bone

- a. Dismemberment
- b. Saw & saw damage
  - i. Crosscut saws
  - ii. Rip saws
  - iii. Tooth set
    1. Kerf
  - iv. Superficial false start scratches
    1. False start kerf
  - v. Sectioned bone cut
  - vi. Breakaway spur
  - vii. Analysis of saw marks
    1. Description
    2. Direction
    3. Teeth
    4. Blade width
    5. Blade type
    6. Blade shape
    7. Energy
- c. Animal scavenging
  - i. Carnivores
  - ii. Punctures
  - iii. Pits
  - iv. Scoring
  - v. Furros
    1. Rodents
- d. Fire damage
  - i. Temperature
  - ii. Color change
- e. Weathering
- f. Burial damage
- g. Water transport damage
- h. Miscellaneous
  - i. Cryoturbation
  - ii. Mineralization

LVII. Additional aspects of individualization

- a. Define individualization
- b. Facial approximation
  - i. Facial thickness
    1.  $\text{Width} = \text{opening width} + 12.2$
    2.  $\text{Width} = \text{opening width} + 1.63$
    3.  $\text{PP} = 0.56 \times \text{Na-M}$
  - ii. Epicanthic fold
  - iii. Pat pads
  - iv. Everted lips

- v. Ear length
  - 1.  $\text{Length} = 54.95 + (4.85 * \text{sex}) + (.1 * \text{age})$
- c. Handedness
- d. Body weight
  - i.  $\text{Wt} = 0.024 (\text{dry skeletal wt}) + 50.593$
  - ii.  $\text{Wt} = 0.013 (\text{dry skeletal wt}) + 85.406$

LVIII. Obtaining an identification

- a. Positive
  - i. Personal identification
  - ii. Radiography
    - 1. Frontal sinuses
    - 2. Septum
    - 3. Scalloping
  - iii. Dental/surgical devices
- b. Probable
  - i. Point comparison
  - ii. Combing information
    - 1. Match to antemortem characteristics
    - 2. Bayesian statistics
  - iii. Photographic superimposition
- c. Misc
  - i. Identification by exclusion
    - 1. DNA testing

LIX. Ethics

- a. Responsibilities
  - i. Confidentiality
  - ii. Honesty
  - iii. Evidence
  - iv. Opinion
  - v. Expert witnessing
  - vi. Possible
  - vii. Probable
  - viii. General tendency
  - ix. Certainty
  - x. Word qualifiers
  - xi. inconsistent
- b. Personal ethics
- c. Final report
  - i. Court testimony
  - ii. Pretrial meeting
  - iii. Qualifications
  - iv. Direct examination
  - v. Corss-examine
  - vi. Impeach
  - vii. Redirect examination

## Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

### **LEARNING outcomes for Forensic Anthropology**

1. Apply advanced and accurate skeletal identification to individuals with pathologies.
2. Distinguish between multiple individuals based on fragmentary remains.

3. Apply proper forensic techniques when analyzing cause of death on skeletal remains.
4. Execute proper handling and respect when working with human skeletal remains.

### Assessment for lecture/discussion/lab LEARNING outcomes

Learning outcomes will be assessed by standard exam and quiz questions that are multiple choice or matching or essay format. Other objectives will be tested by lab practicals. Students are responsible for conducting an in-class research project that will overlap with all concepts learned throughout the semester. This resulting project will end with a scientific poster and presentation to the class. – This ties into the overarching program outcomes: 3.1 Written Expression and 4.1 Oral Expression.

### 3. FORS 3225 – Forensic Taphonomy

- LX. Introduction
  - a. What is taphonomy?
  - b. Osseous data
  - c. Taphonomic characteristics
  - d. How to collect materials
- LXI. Microscopic destruction of bone
  - a. Skeletal histology
    - i. Bone regrowth
    - ii. Bone death
- LXII. Human decomposition ecology
  - a. Grave autopsy
    - i. Recognizing graves
    - ii. Collecting
    - iii. Preserving
- LXIII. Forensic entomology
  - a. Define
  - b. Collection techniques
  - c. Insect life
    - i. Flies
    - ii. Beetles
    - iii. Bees
  - d. Insect development and temperature
- LXIV. Human decomposition
  - a. Algor mortis
  - b. Rigor mortis
  - c. Livor mortis
  - d. Adipocere
  - e. Autolysis
  - f. Putrefaction
  - g. Mummification
  - h. Skeletonization
    - i. How weather/environment affects each of these
- LXV. Decomposition effects
  - a. Burial
    - i. Open
    - ii. Grave
    - iii. Shallow grave
    - iv. Under cement

- v. Greenhouse effect
- vi. water
- b. Weather
  - i. Hot/dry
  - ii. Hot/humid
  - iii. Cold
  - iv. wet
- c. Insect activity
  - i. Flesh eating beetles
  - ii. Flies
  - iii. Other beetles
- d. Drugs, toxins

## Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

### **LEARNING outcomes for Forensic Taphonomy**

1. Explain the stages of decomposition and recognizes such stages when encountering remains.
2. Analyze insect activity to determine time of death.
3. Compare and contrast insect activity and decomposition.
4. Discuss how environment, weather, and location can affect decomposition.
5. Apply proper preservation techniques.

### **Assessment for lecture/discussion/lab LEARNING outcomes**

Learning outcomes will be assessed by standard exam and quiz questions that are multiple choice or matching or essay format. Other objectives will be tested by lab practicals. Students are responsible for conducting an in-class research project that will overlap with all concepts learned throughout the semester. This resulting project will end with a scientific poster and presentation to the class. – This ties into the overarching program outcomes: 3.1 Written Expression and 4.1 Oral Expression.

## **4. FORS 3310 – Forensic Toxicology**

### LXVI. Fundamentals

- a. Introduction
  - i. Define forensic toxicology
  - ii. Job of forensic toxicologists
- b. History of forensic toxicology
  - i. Ancient Egypt
  - ii. Ancient Greece
  - iii. Ancient Rome
  - iv. Dark Ages and Medieval period
  - v. Dr. addington
  - vi. Orfila, the father of forensics
  - vii. Marsh text
  - viii. Lafarge case
  - ix. Reinsch test
  - x. Isolation of alkaloid poisons
  - xi. Development of forensic toxicology
    - 1. Europe
    - 2. US
      - a. Dr. Buchanan

- b. Alcohol testing
  - xii. Chromatography
  - xiii. Mass spectrometry
- c. Toxicity and toxidromes
  - i. Prongs of toxicity
    - 1. Exposure
    - 2. Dose
    - 3. Mechanism
  - ii. Multiple drug effects
    - 1. Additive
    - 2. Synergistic
    - 3. Potentiation
    - 4. Antagonism
  - iii. Descriptions of toxicity or toxic potential
    - 1. Issues
      - a. Concentration units
      - b. Unexpected effects
      - c. Class descriptions of toxicity
    - 2. Measuring and describing
      - a. Measuring /describing the environment
      - b. Epidemiological studies
      - c. Individual symptoms/behaviors
      - d. Characterization of toxin levels
  - iv. Medical response
    - 1. Clinical evaluation and response
      - a. Evaluation/stabilization
      - b. Emergency medical technician response
      - c. Consciousness assessment
      - d. History and physical examination
    - 2. Patient monitoring and clinical laboratory testing
    - 3. Toxidromes
      - a. Cholinergic
      - b. Anticholinergic
      - c. Sympathomimetic
      - d. Opiate
      - e. Hallucinogenic
      - f. Sedative-hypnotic
    - 4. Antidotes
    - 5. Decontamination
- d. Toxicokinetics
  - i. Introduction to toxicokinetics
    - 1. Mechanism
    - 2. Expression
    - 3. Magnitude
    - 4. Pharmacokinetics
    - 5. Pharmacodynamics
    - 6. Toxicokinetics
  - ii. Fate of drugs and poisons in the body
  - iii. Blood
  - iv. Routes in & out
    - 1. Absorption



- a. Mechanisms of absorption
    - b. Factors affecting absorption
    - c. Drug delivery mechanisms
    - d. Bioavailability
  - 2. Distribution
    - a. Distribution process
    - b. Compartments
    - c. Volume of distribution
  - 3. Elimination
    - a. Parameters
    - b. Kinetics
    - c. Multiple dose considerations
- e. Biotransformation
  - i. Metabolism
    - 1. How metabolism occurs
    - 2. Metabolic transformations are enzymatic processes
    - 3. Limitation of enzymatic processes
      - a. Saturation of enzyme catalysis
      - b. Enzyme induction
      - c. Inhibition of enzymatic processes
    - 4. Drug-drug interaction
  - ii. Phase I and phase II reactions
    - 1. Phase I
      - a. Cytochrome P450s
      - b. Flavin-containing monooxygenases
      - c. Cytosolic enzymes
    - 2. Phase II
      - a. Glucuronidation
      - b. Sulphation
      - c. Methylation
      - d. Acetylation
      - e. Amino acids
      - f. Glutathione
      - g. Mercapturic acids
  - iii. Reactive metabolites
- f. Postmortem toxicology
  - i. Postmortem examinations
    - 1. Role of medical examiner
    - 2. Scene investigation
    - 3. Types of postmortem examinations
      - a. Records review
      - b. External examination
      - c. Autopsy
    - 4. Findings and reports
    - 5. Autopsy process
  - ii. Role of toxicologist in postmortem forensic examinations
    - 1. Samples and sampling
    - 2. Scope of testing
      - a. Screening
      - b. Quantitative analysis
      - c. Specialized toxicology testing

3. Challenges and confounders of postmortem testing
  - a. Analytical
  - b. Interpretive
4. Pediatric cases
5. Geriatric cases

LXVII. Organ system toxicology

- a. Neurotoxicology
  - i. Anatomy
  - ii. Physiology
    1. Neurons
    2. Glial cells
  - iii. Neurotoxicologic responses
    1. Susceptibility of the nervous system
    2. Manifestations of neurotoxicity
  - iv. Neurotransmission
    1. Neuronal membrane potential
    2. Propagation of depolarization
    3. Events at the synapse
    4. Inhibitory neurotransmission
  - v. Ion channel toxins
    1. Sodium channel agents
      - a. Antiarrhythmic sodium channel agents
      - b. Local anesthetics
    2. Potassium channel agents
    3. Calcium channel agents
  - vi. GABA receptor inhibitors and agonists
  - vii. Neural body toxins
  - viii. Toxins that attack myelin
  - ix. Toxins that attack axons
  - x. Toxins that affect synaptic functions
  - xi. Cholinergic toxins
- b. Cardiac toxicology
  - i. Anatomy and physiology
    1. Normal anatomy
    2. Normal electrophysiology
    3. Electrocardiogram
    4. Clinical assessment of heart conditions
  - ii. Disease state
    1. Hypertrophy
    2. Ischemia and infarction
    3. Rate abnormalities
    4. Rhythm disturbances
      - a. Atrial fibrillation
      - b. Ventricular fibrillation
      - c. Long QT syndrome and Torsades de Pointes
    5. Cardiomyopathies
    6. Tamponade
    7. Inflammation
    8. Heart failure
    9. Valvular disease
  - iii. Mechanisms of therapy

1. Inhibition of Na-K ATPase
  2. Sodium channel blockers
  3. Calcium channel blockers
  4. Potassium channel blockers
  5. Adrenergic receptor blockers
  6. Nitrates
  7. Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors
- iv. Common toxins
    1. Cocaine and other sympathetic amines
    2. Nicotine
    3. Digoxin/digitalis
    4. Doxorubicin
    5. Tricyclic antidepressants
  - v. Uncommon toxins
    1. Aconitine
    2. Tetrodotoxin
    3. Grayanotoxins
    4. The yew plant
    5. Lily of the valley
    6. Oleander
- c. Hepatotoxicity
- i. Anatomical description
    1. Gross description
    2. Microscopic description
      - a. Classic lobule
      - b. Liver acinus
      - c. Portal lobule
  - ii. Physiological processes
    1. Energy and nutrient processing
    2. Synthesis of biomolecules
    3. Detoxification
    4. Bile formation and elimination
    5. Storage
  - iii. Hepatic injury
    1. Hepatocellular death: apoptosis and necrosis
    2. Cholestasis and jaundice
    3. Fatty liver
      - a. Steatosis
    4. Cirrhosis
    5. Disease states
      - a. Hepatitis
      - b. Diabetes
  - iv. Liver function tests
    1. Other hepatic function measures
  - v. Hepatotoxins
    1. Acetaminophen
    2. Alcohol
    3. Carbon tetrachloride
    4. Mushroom toxins
    5. Microcystins
    6. Bromobenzene

7. Warfarin
- d. Kidney toxicology
  - i. General overview
    1. Anatomy and physiology, and basic functions
  - ii. Excretion
    1. Filtration
    2. Reabsorption
    3. Secretion
  - iii. Blood pressure control
  - iv. Hormone production
    1. Erythropoietin
    2. Calcitriol
    3. Gluconeogenesis
  - v. Clinical measurements of renal function
    1. Blood urea nitrogen
    2. Creatinine
    3. Glomerular filtration rate
  - vi. Examples of toxins
    1. Heavy metals
    2. Aminoglycosides
    3. Chemotherapeutic agents
    4. Hexachlorobutadiene
    5. Aristolochic acid
    6. Orellanine
- e. Pulmonary toxicology
  - i. Anatomy and physiology
    1. Lungs
    2. Physiology of breathing
    3. Clinical assessment of pulmonary function
  - ii. Disease states
    1. Bronchial disease
    2. Parenchymal disease
    3. Interstitial diseases
  - iii. Asphyxia
    1. Interference with cellular utilization of oxygen
      - a. Biochemistry and physiology of respiration
      - b. Cyanide
      - c. Hydrogen sulfide
    2. Interference with transport/absorption- carbon monoxide
    3. Caustic action within the airway
      - a. Mechanism
      - b. Symptoms
      - c. Pathology
        - i. Smoke inhalation
  - iv. Oxygen blockage and displacement
    1. Hypoxic environments
    2. Physical asphyxia
    3. Huffing solvents and aromatic hydrocarbons
  - v. Common toxins
    1. Nicotine
    2. Ammonia gas

3. Chlorine gas
  4. Sulfur dioxide
  5. Ozone
  6. Nitrogen dioxides
  - vi. Uncommon toxins
    1. Phosgene
    2. Silicon
    3. Asbestos
    4. Paraquat
- LXVIII. Toxins, drugs, and drug classes
- a. Alcohol
    - i. Ethanol
      1. Ethanol pharmacokinetics
        - a. Absorption
        - b. Distribution
        - c. Metabolism
        - d. Elimination
      2. Physiological effects of ethanol
        - a. Mechanism of action
        - b. Effects of ethanol and correlation with blood alcohol concentration
      3. Alcohol calculations and inferences
        - a. Back-extrapolation
      4. Alcohol and diabetes
      5. Health effects of chronic ethanol use
      6. Alcohol testing
      7. Ethanol consideration in postmortem cases
        - a. Ethanol-drug combinations
    - ii. Methanol
      1. Pharmacokinetics
      2. Methanol toxicity
        - a. Toxic mechanism
        - b. Clinical presentation
        - c. Treatment
        - d. Pathology
        - e. Forensic toxicology considerations
    - iii. Isopropanol
      1. Pharmacokinetics
      2. Toxicology
    - iv. Ethylene glycol
      1. Pharmacokinetics
      2. Ethylene glycol toxicity
  - b. Opiates and opioids
    - i. History
    - ii. Chemistry
      1. Morphine and structural analogs
    - iii. Pharmacokinetics
      1. Absorption/distribution
      2. Metabolism
      3. Elimination
    - iv. Mechanism of action
      1. Effects on the nociceptive response

- v. Physiological effects
  1. Analgesia
  2. Euphoria
  3. Respiratory depression
  4. Intestinal motility
  5. Cardiovascular effects
  6. Miosis
  7. Cough suppression
- vi. Opiate/opioid toxicity
  1. Mechanism
  2. Clinical presentation
  3. Treatment
  4. Withdrawal
  5. Postmortem considerations
- vii. Tolerance and dependence
- viii. Morphine analogs and related compounds
  1. Heroin
  2. 6-mono-acetylmorphine
  3. Codeine
  4. Thebaine
  5. Hydrocodone, hydromorphone, oxycodone, oxymorphone
  6. Meperidine
  7. Methadone
  8. Fentanyl
  9. Buprenorphine
  10. Naloxone and naltrexone
- c. Non opiate sedative/hypnotic drugs
  - i. Barbiturates
  - ii. Benzodiazepines
  - iii. Z-drugs
  - iv. Antihistamines
  - v. Herbal medications
  - vi. Tricyclic antidepressants
  - vii. Antipsychotics
  - viii. Misc compounds
    1. Trazodone
    2. Chloral hydrate
    3. Glutethimide
    4. Methaqualone
    5. Clonazepam/clonazepamate
    6.  $\gamma$ -hydroxybutyric acid
- d. Sympathomimetic amines
  - i. History
  - ii. Examples and mechanisms
    1. Amphetamine
    2. Methamphetamine
    3. MDA and MDMA
    4. Ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and related  $\beta$ -hydroxyphenylethylamines
    5. Methylphenidate
    6. Cocaine
    7. Cathinones

- 8. Benzyl-and phenylpiperazines
- iii. Analysis and interpretation of SMA results
- e. Hallucinogens, psychedelics, and cannabinoids
  - i. Psychedelics
    - 1. Serotonin-releasing agents and receptor agonists
    - 2. Tryptamines
    - 3. Lysergic acid and related structures
    - 4. Phenethylamines
    - 5. Cannabinoids
  - ii. Dissociative agents
  - iii. Deliriants
- f. Cholinergic and anticholinergic toxins
  - i. History
  - ii. Cholinergic synapse
    - 1. Normal cholinergic neurotransmission
    - 2. Cholinergic toxins and mechanisms
      - a. Presynaptic toxicity
      - b. Synaptic toxicity
      - c. Postsynaptic toxicity
    - 3. Anticholinergic toxins and mechanism
      - a. Presynaptic toxicity
      - b. Postsynaptic
- g. Metals
  - i. Arsenic
  - ii. Antimony
  - iii. Cadmium
  - iv. Lead
    - 1. Gastrointestinal toxicity
    - 2. Heme synthesis toxicity
    - 3. Neurotoxicity
  - v. Mercury
    - 1. Elemental mercury toxicity
    - 2. Organic mercury toxicity
    - 3. Inorganic mercury toxicity

## Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment

### LEARNING outcomes for Forensic Toxicology

1. Utilize proper collection methods.
2. Discuss how types of drugs will affect an individual and the physiology behind the organ systems.
3. Test various substances to determine presence of drugs.
4. Differentiate between toxins, drugs, and other chemicals.
5. Apply toxicology to a forensics setting.

### Assessment for lecture/discussion/lab LEARNING outcomes

Learning outcomes will be assessed by standard exam and quiz questions that are multiple choice or matching or essay format. Other objectives will be tested by lab practicals. Students are responsible for conducting an in-class research project that will overlap with all concepts learned throughout the semester. This resulting project will end with a scientific research paper and presentation to the class. – This ties into the overarching program outcomes: 3.1 Written Expression and 4.1 Oral Expression.

## 5. FORS 3215 Fingerprint Analysis

- LXIX. Fingerprint Analysis
- a. History of fingerprints
    - i. Nonsystematic methods of identification
  - b. Systematic methods of identification
    - i. Bertillonage
    - ii. Fingerprints
      - 1. Define
      - 2. Fingerprint patterns and characteristics
      - 3. Additional fingerprint definitions
  - c. Fingerprint pattern types and associated terminology
    - i. Loop pattern
      - 1. Loop ridge counting
      - 2. Radial and ulnar loops
      - 3. Issues
    - ii. Plain arch and tented arch patterns
      - 1. Plain arch
      - 2. Tented arch
    - iii. Whorl pattern
      - 1. Plain whorl
      - 2. Central pocket loop whorl
      - 3. Double loop whorl
      - 4. Accidental whorl
      - 5. Ridge tracing and counting whorl patterns
      - 6. Palm print
  - d. Classification
    - i. Henry with FBI Extensions, NCIC, IAFIS
      - 1. Henry with FBI extensions
        - a. Ridge count conversion
        - b. Conversion chart
        - c. Referencing
        - d. Filing sequence
      - 2. NCIC classification system
      - 3. IAFIS
      - 4. Other systems
        - a. Manual methods
- LXX. Development, identification, and presentation of fingerprints
- a. Known fingerprints
    - i. Manual method
    - ii. Live scan
  - b. Unknown fingerprints
    - i. Conditions affecting latent prints
    - ii. Crime scene search and fingerprint development
    - iii. Fingerprint development techniques
      - 1. Powder techniques
      - 2. Chemical techniques
    - iv. Procedure after developing prints
    - v. Fingerprint comparison and identification
  - c. Court presentation
    - i. Preparation
    - ii. Court presentation



1. Verbal
2. Nonverbal
- iii. Challenges to the science of fingerprints

## **Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment**

### **LEARNING outcomes for Fingerprint analysis**

1. Apply manual and live scanning methods to fingerprint collection.
2. Critique known and unknown fingerprint collection methods.
3. Differentiate between systematic and nonsystematic methods of identification.
4. Apply proper identification techniques.
5. Defend fingerprint identification in a court room setting.

### **Assessment for lecture/discussion/lab LEARNING outcomes**

Learning outcomes will be assessed by standard exam and quiz questions that are multiple choice or matching or essay format. Other objectives will be tested by lab practicals. Students are responsible for conducting an in-class research project that will overlap with all concepts learned throughout the semester. This resulting project will end with a scientific paper and presentation to the class. – This ties into the overarching program outcomes: 3.1 Written Expression and 4.1 Oral Expression.

**Appendix D. FEPAC Accreditation standards**

FEPAC accreditation standards comparison of current and proposed Forensic Science program

<b>Standard</b>	<b>Current program</b>	<b>Proposed program</b>
4.1.1a Natural science core At least one biology course with lab One year of physics At least 4 courses in chemistry with lab At least one course in calculus and stats	BIOL 1106 – Biological Principles II Physics 1101 and 1102 (or 1105 and 1106, which are calculus based) CHEM 1105, 2200, 2201, and 2202 MATH 1185 or 1190 and MATH 1113	BIOL 1106 – Biological Principles II Physics 1101 and 1102 (or 1105 and 1106, which are calculus based) CHEM 1105, 2200, 2201, and 2202 MATH 1185 or 1190 and MATH 1113
4.1.1b Specialized science courses Additional 12 semester hours of advanced chemistry or biology	BIOL 3360 - Biochemistry – 4 hours CHEM 2205 – Analytical Chemistry – 4 hours CHEM 3385 – Instrumental Analysis – 4 hours	BIOL 3360 - Biochemistry – 4 hours CHEM 2205 – Analytical Chemistry – 4 hours CHEM 3385 – Instrumental Analysis – 4 hours
4.1.1c Forensic Science courses A minimum of 15 hours, with at least 9 hours having a lab component	FORS 2201 – Intro to For. Sci. – 4 hours <u>FORS 2225 – Forensic Microscopy – 3 hours</u> FORS 4401 – Forensic Capstone – 3 hours FORS 4411 – Internship – 2 hours BIOL 4495 or CHEM 4403 – 2 hours	FORS 2201 – Intro to For. Sci. – 4 hours <u>FORS 2225 - Trace Analysis and Microscopy – 3 hours (new name)</u> FORS 3201 – Forensic Biology – 4 hours FORS 4411 – Internship – 2 hours FORS 4401 – Forensic Capstone – 3 hours
4.1.1d Additional courses A minimum of 19 semester hours of advanced, upper level course	BIOL 3380 – Genetics – 4 hours BIOL 3390 – Molecular Biotech. – 4 hours FORS3385 – Research – 3 hours  Specialization electives BIOL or CHEM electives – 8 hours	BIOL 3380 – Genetics – 4 hours BIOL 3390 – Molecular Biotech. – 4 hours FORS 3385 – Research – 3 hours  Specialization electives CHEM electives – 8 hours <u>FORS 3301 – Human Osteology – 4 hours (new)</u> <u>FORS 3305 – Forensic Anthropology – 4 hours (new)</u> <u>FORS 3225 – Forensic Taphonomy – 2 hours (new)</u> <u>FORS 3310 – Forensic Toxicology – 4 hours (new)</u> <u>FORS 3215 – Fingerprint Analysis – 2 hours (new)</u>

## Appendix E. Registrar course number approval

Hi Professor Henson—

These course numbers are available as well.

Lori

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**From:** Ransom, Laura  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 18, 2018 11:24 AM  
**To:** FSU Office of the Registrar <[registrar@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:registrar@fairmontstate.edu)>  
**Cc:** Gonzalez, Cheri <[Cheri.Gonzalez@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:Cheri.Gonzalez@fairmontstate.edu)>  
**Subject:** RE: Request for Course Number availability

Hi Lori,

They are all available. Mark Flood and Kristy Henson sent the same list.

Laura

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**From:** FSU Office of the Registrar  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 18, 2018 10:51 AM  
**To:** Ransom, Laura <[lransom@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:lransom@fairmontstate.edu)>  
**Cc:** Gonzalez, Cheri <[Cheri.Gonzalez@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:Cheri.Gonzalez@fairmontstate.edu)>  
**Subject:** FW: Request for Course Number availability

Laura—

Can you check these courses as well?

Thanks, again!

Lori

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**From:** Henson, Kristy  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 18, 2018 9:16 AM  
**To:** FSU Office of the Registrar <[registrar@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:registrar@fairmontstate.edu)>  
**Subject:** Re: Request for Course Number availability

Thank you Lori,

If you have time could you please check these FORS course numbers?

FORS 3301  
FORS 3305  
FORS 3310  
FORS 3225  
FORS 3215



Office of the Provost and Vice President for  
Academic Affairs

1201 Locust Avenue • Fairmont, West Virginia 26554  
Phone: (304) 367-4101 • Fax: (304) 367-4902  
[Richard.Harvey@fairmontstate.edu](mailto:Richard.Harvey@fairmontstate.edu) • [fairmontstate.edu](http://fairmontstate.edu)

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**MEMORANDUM**

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TO: Faculty Senate

FROM: Dr. Richard Harvey

DATE: January 9, 2019

SUBJECT: Curriculum Proposal #18-19-4  
Science and Technology/Natural Science/Forensic Science

I recommend approval of the attached Curriculum Proposal 18-19-4. The B.S. in Forensic Science is growing and going towards accreditation from the American Academy of Forensic Science, we believe it is time to add a 22/23-hour **Forensic Investigative Science minor**. Students would be able to adopt courses already available in the Forensic Science program and Criminal Justice program.

cc: Susan Ross  
Steve Roof  
Mark Flood  
Kristy Henson  
Laura Ransom  
Cheri Gonzalez  
Lori Schoonmaker

**CURRICULUM PROPOSAL** (Submit one hard copy and an electronic copy to the Associate Provost by the second Tuesday of the month.)

**Proposal Number:** 18-19-04  
**School/Department/Program:** Science and Technology/Natural Science/Forensic Science  
**Preparer/Contact Person:** Mark Flood & Kristy Henson  
**Telephone Extension:** x4309 &  
**Date Originally Submitted:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Revision (Indicate date and label it Revision #1, #2, etc.):** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Implementation Date Requested:** Fall 2019

- I. **PROPOSAL.** Write a brief abstract, not exceeding 100 words, which describes the overall content of the proposal.

The B.S. in Forensic Science is growing and going towards accreditation from the American Academy of Forensic Science, we believe it is time to add a 22/23-hour **Forensic Investigative Science minor**. Students would be able to adopt courses already available in the Forensic Science program and Criminal Justice program.

- II. **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL.** Provide a response for each letter, A-H, and for each Roman Numeral II–V. If any section does not apply to your proposal, reply N/A.

- A. Deletion of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

1. N/A

Total hours deleted. 0

- B. Addition of course(s) or credit(s) from program(s)

1. Minor in Forensic Investigative Science

CRIM 1100 Introduction to Criminal Justice (3)  
CRIM 2226 Crime Scene Investigation (3)  
CHEM 1101 General Chemistry I (4) or CHEM 1105 Chemical Principles (5)  
BIOL 1106 Biological Principles II (4)  
FORS 2201 Introduction to Forensic Science (4)  
FORS 3200 Forensic Biology (4)

Total hours added. 22-23

- C. Provision for interchangeable use of course(s) with program(s)

N/A.

- D. Revision of course content. Include, as an appendix, a revised course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the university catalog.

N/A

B.

- E. Other changes to existing courses such as changes to title, course number, and elective or required status.

N/A

- F. Creation of new course(s). For each new course

N/A

1. Include, as an appendix, a course description, written in complete sentences, suitable for use in the college catalog.

Appendix A contains the catalog course descriptions for the proposed minor.

2. Include, as an appendix, a detailed course outline consisting of at least two levels.

N/A

3. In order to meet the requirements as outlined in Goal One of the Strategic Plan, please include Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment as an appendix. Examples are available upon request from the Chair of the Curriculum Committee.

Appendix C also contains the Outcome Competencies and Methods of Assessment for the proposed new course.

- G. Attach an itemized summary of the present program(s) affected, if any, and of the proposed change(s).

1. Describe how this proposal affects the hours needed to complete this program. Specifically, what is the net gain or loss in hours? Use the format for Current and Proposed Programs in Appendix A.
2. Include proof that this proposal meets the degree definition policy (Board of Governor's Policy #52) as part of the Proposed Program in Appendix A.
3. Exceptions to the degree definition policy: As per policy #52, programs seeking exceptions to any of the maximum credit hour limits must submit formal requests to the Board of Governors for approval. Explain the rationale for the exception by documenting the existence of one or more of the criteria in paragraph 4.2.

**RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSAL.**

- A. **Quantitative Assessment:** Indicate the types of assessment data, i.e., surveys, interviews, capstone courses, projects, licensure exams, nationally-normed tests, locally developed measurements, accreditation reports, etc., that were collected and analyzed to determine that curricular changes were warranted. Quantitative data is preferred.

The Forensic Science program is growing. We currently have 70 declared majors and 5-7 recruit visits a semester. With graduation numbers of typically 1-5 students per academic year, our program needs to continue to work on recruitment and retention. Several of our Forensic Science majors transfer into Chemistry or Criminal Justice majors here on campus. As the Forensic Science program grows, a minor will entice those students obtaining degrees such as Criminal Justice, Biology, and Chemistry to obtain this minor. The Criminal Justice program requires all students declare a minor. Forensic Science and Criminal Justice are intertwined careers, as criminal justice graduates usually enter into law enforcement and forensic science graduates enter into laboratory environments processing evidence collected by law enforcement. As criminal justice houses 300 majors, it is fair to say some of these students will be interested in pursuing a forensics minor as the topics overlap. This minor would increase forensic science student enrollment and assist in retention of students who chose to change majors later on in their college career.

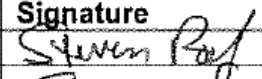

The addition of this minor allows us to compete with WVU, as they are currently the only institution in the state that offers a forensic investigative science minor. We know of at least 2 students who have transferred to WVU because we did not offer this type of minor on our campus.

- B. **Qualitative Assessment:** Based upon the assessment data above, indicate why a curricular change is justified. Indicate the expected results of the change. Be sure to include an estimate of the increased cost, or reduction in cost of implementation. FOR EXAMPLE: Will new faculty, facilities, equipment, or library materials be required?

This minor will increase the amount of students in the Forensic Science program's sophomore level courses (FORS 2201 and FORS 3200) by 5-10 students per year. That will help solidify our program's course offerings of higher level specialization courses if we could also convince half of those students to also take an upper level forensics elective. It will also increase student retention if/when a student changes their major from Forensic Science, as they are still able to obtain a minor in Forensic Investigative Science. It is important to continue to attract new Forensic Science students and to offer students options that will improve their marketability. New facilities, faculty and equipment will not be needed to implement this new Forensic Investigative Science minor.

- III. Should this proposal affect any course or program in another school, a memo must be sent to the Dean of each school impacted and a copy of the memo(s) must be included with this proposal. In addition, the Deans of the affected schools must sign below to indicate their notification of this proposal.

By signing here, you are indicating your college's/school's notification of this proposal.

College/School	Dean	Signature
Sci Tech	Steven Roof	
Social Science	Jack Smuridge	

- IV. Should this proposal affect any course to be added or deleted from the general studies requirements, a memo from the chair of the General Studies Committee indicating approval of the change must be included with this proposal.

- V. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS.

## APPENDIX A

### Minor in Forensic Investigative Science Proposed Program

<b>Required Minor Courses</b>		<b>HRS</b>
BIOL 1106	Biological Principles II	4
CHEM 1101	General Chemistry I	4
or		
CHEM 1105	Chemical Principles	5
CRIM 1100	Intro to Criminal Justice	3
CRIM 2226	Crime Scene Investigation	3
FORS 2201	Introduction to Forensic Science	4
FORS 3200	Forensic Biology	4
<b>TOTAL Required Courses</b>		<b>22-23</b>
<b>TOTAL HOURS FOR MINOR</b>		<b>22-23</b>



**APPENDIX B**  
Minor in Forensic Science  
Proposed schedule

<b>Fall</b>	<b>Spring</b>
<b>CHEM 1101</b> - General Chemistry 1 – (4hrs) /or/ <b>CHEM 1105</b> – Chemical Principles - (5hrs)	<b>BIOL 1106</b> – Biological Principles II – (4hrs)
<b>CRIM 1100</b> – Introduction to Criminal Justice – (3hrs)	<b>CRIM 2226</b> – Crime Scene Investigation – (3hrs)

<b>Fall</b>	<b>Spring</b>
<b>FORS 2201</b> – Introduction to Forensic Science – (4hrs)	<b>FORS 3200</b> – Forensic Biology - (4hrs)

## APPENDIX C

### Minor in Forensic Investigative Science Program Outcomes and Assessments

Outcomes for the minor in Forensic Investigative Science:  
Students who complete this program will:

**- Develop a basic fundamental knowledge of the natural sciences, including, scientific inquiry, cell theory, and basic chemistry of life.**

- Courses mapped to outcome: BIOL 1106 and CHEM 1101/CHEM 1105

This will be assessed by quizzes and exams in FORS 2201 and FORS 3200 that incorporate underlying information from these courses, students earning a 70% or higher deemed as success.

**- Apply crime scene processing, collecting, and analyzing skills, from the viewpoint of field collection and lab analysis.**

- Courses mapped to outcome: CRIM 2226, FORS 2201, FORS 3200

This will be assessed by graded assignments and lab activities with students earning a 70% or higher deemed as success.

**- Develop a basic fundamental knowledge of forensic science and how it relates to the natural sciences.**

- Courses mapped to outcome: FORS 2201, FORS 3200

This will be assessed by exams, assignments, and quizzes with students earning a 70% or higher deemed as success.

**- Apply scientific inquiry to forensic science.**

- Courses mapped to this outcome: FORS 2201, FORS 3200

This will be assessed by in class research projects with students earning a 70% or higher deemed as success.



Flood, Mark

Thu 8/9, 4:15 PM

Shields, Deanna; Smallridge, Joshua; Roof, Steven; Hemler, Debra; Henson, Kristy ✕

👤 ↻ Reply all | ▾

Deleted Items



Kristy Henson is a new faculty member in Forensic Science and we are now looking to expand our course offerings and improve our program. We would like to possibly discuss offering a new Forensic Investigative Science minor.

A rough idea would be that students take:

Intro to CJ (3 credits)

CSI (3) or perhaps Criminalistics (3)

Chem 1101 (4) (basic chem course)

BIOL 1106 (4) (basic cell biology course)

Intro to Forensic Science (4)

Forensic Biology (4)

Forensic specialization elective (4 hours)

That would mean the minor would 26 hours. What are your thoughts on this?? Please reply to all so that everyone gets to see and reflect on the responses.

Mark

Mark Flood, PhD

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Coordinator of Forensic Science Program

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#SoarFalcons





**Deans Meeting**  
January 16, 2019

GUEST: 10:00 Cindy Curry References

*Discussion Topics:*

- ELT question – too much activity in last 2 weeks of Fall term
- CLASS CANCELLATIONS!
- Textbook Adoptions
- Faculty Handbook Revision
- Current low-enrolled courses
- Probationary Faculty Evaluations, First & Second Year.....**DUE March 1**
- Program Reviews.....**DUE March 18**
- Faculty resignations/departures/searches
- Second 8 week courses Spring 2019 term
- Envirothon and Education Fair?
- Planning for summer and fall schedules
- Writing skills of our students/graduates

*Open Forum*



**Deans Meeting**  
January 23, 2019

We can only meet until 10:00 am because of an ELT meeting.

*Discussion Topics:*

- IT issues: updates on all computers, common institutional image, wireless printing
- Adjunct evaluations
- “Super” adjuncts, aka Instructors
- Current low-enrolled courses
- Writing skills of our students/graduates
- Probationary Faculty Evaluations, First & Second Year.....**DUE March 1**
- Program Reviews.....**DUE March 18**

*Open Forum*



## Deans & Chairs Meeting

January 30, 2019

10:00-10:30 Jesse Isner, Foundation to discuss scholarships  
10:30-11:30 Reservations/Scheduler Demo, Falcon Center Conference rooms

### *Discussion Topics:*

- Present/Not Present grades – over 360 sections were not reported
- IRB compliance issues
- Travel Authorizations – develop new form
- Textbook Advisory (affordability) committee – need reps selected
- Floor plan updates?
- Responses to Scantron questions; last call
- IT issues in classrooms, labs, or faculty offices; last call
- Probationary Faculty Evaluations, First & Second Year.....**DUE March 1**
- Program Reviews.....**DUE March 18**

### *Open Forum*